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### FARIBAULT, MINNESOTA 62,43 RECEIVED W Spring 1940 Prof. Hansen's 2 for New Hardy \$1.29 \$1.29 ppd. (See page 8) Minnesota No. 790 (See page 3) 2 for 95c ppd. Haralson Beacon (See page 2) 2 for (See page 3) 2 for **NEW APPLES** 75c 95c ppd. ppd. Special 10 Trees 3-4 ft. \$365 ppd. 2 Beacon (Value \$4.35) 2 Cortland 10 Trees 4-5 ft. 2 Minn. No. 790 2 Prairie Spy ppd. 2 Haralson (Value \$5.10) Fiebing (See page 5) 2 for 75c ppd. Cortland (See page 4) 2 for 75c ppd. Prairie Spy (See page 3) Hennepin (See page 5) 2 for 95c ppd. 2 for 95c ppd.

# ANDREWS

# NORTHERN ROOTED APPLE TREES



NORTHERN rooted McIntosh growing in our 120-acre apple orchard. This orchard, the largest in Minnesota, makes a practical testing ground for our northern rooted apple trees.

# The Secret of Long Lived Orchards

An orchard that is expected to endure must have a solid foundation. It takes five years to develop our northern rooted trees ready for the orchard, but results

To produce the apple trees offered for sale this year, we began way back in the fall of '35. Seed was selected in our own orchard from the hardiest apples and crabs. This seed was planted in the spring of '36. The young seedlings were dug in the fall of '36 and grafted in the winter of '37. These grafted trees were grown three years in the nursery and are now ready for general planting in orchards.

You may have confidence in these northern rooted



Andrews Northern Rooted Trees at 15 years are more than three times the size of common-rooted trees of the same age. This photo taken in our trial orchard.

In our experimental orchard comparative tests were made between 50 apple trees on Northern root-stocks, and 50 trees on common root-stocks. The trees were of the same size and age and were planted alternately in the rows under identical conditions and care.

This picture 15 years after planting, shows our Northern-rooted trees at least 3 times the size of the common-rooted trees. Which kind of root-stock will you choose?

Jack Frost Says:-

Common rooted fruit trees when received from a nursery may look the same to you as northern rooted trees—may even start all right if they have a favorable season. However, when the first severe winter comes and there is no snow on the ground for protection, common rooted trees are quite sure to be injured or may be killed outright. The result next spring is a dead or crippled orchard.

An apple tree is no hardier than the root it is grafted upon. Hardy root stocks are just as essential for a successful orchard as a good foundation is essential for a substantial building.

Fruit growers are beginning to realize the vital importance root stocks play in the life of fruit trees. Comparative tests between common rooted trees and our northern rooted trees, show very conclusively that common, tender root stocks are the greatest single cause of loss and failure in the orchard.

#### Apple Prices Expected to Advance

Government Statistics Indicate Apple Prices Will Advance

Because many of the older orchards of the country are dying and because not enough new planting has been done during the past decade to replace the older trees, the forecast is that for the next fifteen years at least we shall see a decline in apple production. This would naturally indicate proportionately higher prices for apples during the next fifteen years.

Whether you are a consumer and would have to buy your apples or whether you are a grower and should have apples to sell, it will pay you to plant apple trees now so you will be producing apples during the period of higher prices.

You can plant with confidence these northern rooted trees listed in this catalog. Make selections early.

Doctors Say: "Eat More Fruit" Grocers Say: "6c a Pound"

—Common Sense Says: "Plant a Few Trees and Grow Your Own"

# ANDREWS NORTHERN ROOTED APPLE TREES



#### POSITIVE PROOF

Here you see the positive proof of the superiority of ANDREWS Northern Rooted trees over Common Rooted trees. These pictures are reproductions from actual photographs taken in our 120 acre orchard, where this comparison was made. Two trees were dug and their roots photographed.

These trees were both the same size when planted seventeen years ago. Each has had similar care since. They are fair samples of trees on the two types of root-stocks which were planted

alternately in this orchard in 1923.

On the left is a 17-year-old McIntosh propagated on a common root-stock. It has been estimated that more than 99% of the apple trees grown in the United States are propagated on such common root-stocks, that is, "French Crab" seedlings or ordinary commercial apple seedlings. The common root-stock could not endure Minnesota conditions—it died completely, leaving the tree to exist on the few "scion roots" which had come out above the graft. Result: weak, unsatisfactory growth—little or no fruit.

On the right is a 17-year-old McIntosh which was propagated on our Hardy Northern Root-Stock. The success of this tree is due to the hardy, sturdy root which anchors the tree securely and makes possible vigorous growth of tree and heavy crops of fruit.

#### PLANTING WISDOM

The wise planter will insist on Northern root-stocks under the trees he buys. More failures are due to improper root-stocks than to any other one cause. Plant Andrews Northern rooted trees and you can enjoy the pleasure, satisfaction and profit of a successful orchard. The trees listed on the following pages are all propagated on Hardy Northern Root-Stocks. Order early while assortments are complete.

#### YOUR ORCHARD SUCCESS

Depends on the root system of your trees.

If you choose common rooted trees You will invite disappointment.

If you choose Andrews Northern rooted You can achieve success.

PLANT ANDREWS NORTHERN ROOTED FRUIT TREES

# ANDREWS NORTHERN ROOTED HARALSON

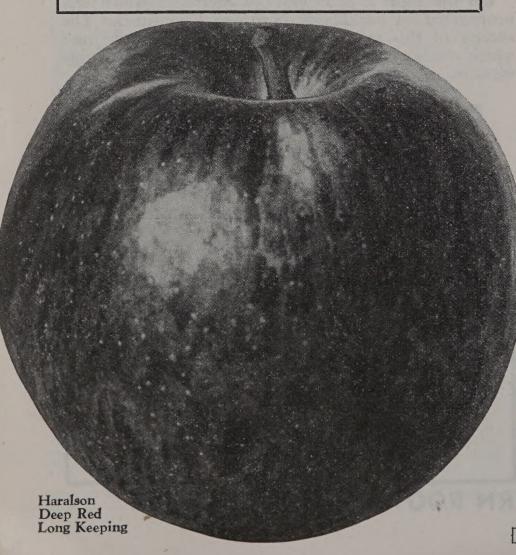


Andrews Northern Rooted Haralson 16 years old—yielding 17 bushels

#### Haralson a Money-Maker

D. C. Webster, LaCrescent, Minnesota, a veteran fruit grower and prize winner at Fruit Shows wrote us December 9: "I do not wish to unduly stress the virtues of the Haralson apple, and what I say of it is what it has done for me only on my own place here at LaCrescent. I do not hesitate to say that it will yield more bushels per acre than any variety I am growing. For instance, the boys picked 16 trees—not large trees—one afternoon this fall and got 160 bushels, and the trees were not picked clean. This is about the average for my Haralson this year."

(Signed) D. C. Webster



Originated by Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm.

#### Opens a Million Dollar Market

Because the new Haralson is a good looking, long keeping, big red apple and because it thrives in the upper Mississippi Valley, wide-awake planters have a million dollar market thrown open to them.

Minnesota alone has been shipping in annually from distant states a million bushels of winter apples. Wisconsin, northern Iowa, and the Dakotas also ship in great quantities. Haralson makes this trade available to local growers.

#### HARALSON SATISFIES THE TRADE

The market demands a good-sized, red, long keeping apple. Haralson fully satisfies these requirements. It stands handling and shipping well and easily keeps through till spring.

#### HARALSON THRIVES IN COLD CLIMATE

Haralson is rugged and hardy. It is the answer to years of search and effort to secure a suitable long keeping apple that could thrive in our northern climate. Freedom from fire blight is another of the sterling qualities of Haralson.

#### BEARS EARLY AND HEAVILY

Haralson orchard trees come into bearing quickly, producing a paying crop before most other varieties begin. We have records of 13-year-old trees producing 15 bushels to the tree, and 17-year-old trees producing 21 bushels to the tree.

Prof. W. H. Alderman, Chief, Division of Horticulture, University of Minnesota, says of Haralson:—"Its size, shape and color are just right for an ideal commercial apple. The tree is extremely vigorous, productive and hardy. The branches spring at wide angles from the central trunk and are very strong in the crotches. The fruit will keep in an ordinary cellar throughout the winter without artificial refrigeration.

#### EXTRA SPECIAL!

HARALSON RANKS NO. 1 FOR PIES!

Recent tests completed by Twin City pie factories have brought out the information that Haralson ranks No. 1 for pies!

Commercial pie factories use many carloads of apples every year. Haralson has qualified for this use—in fact, the professional pie makers rank it Top Notch. Pie factories will use Haralson as soon as growers produce enough to be able to supply them.

#### HARALSON RANKS WITH JONATHAN ABOVE WINESAP

Another comparative test as to the relative rating of Haralson as compared with older and well-known varieties was carried on recently by Division of Home Economics, and Division of Horticulture, University of Minnesota.

The apples were tested for baking, for apple sauce, and for coddling. In each case, Haralson scored in the same class as Jonathan, and in each case it scored above Winesap.

At present, Jonathan is one of the principal apples on the market before Christmas, and Winesap the most in evidence after Christmas. This test carried out by the University of Minnesota has demonstrated very clearly that there is a definite place on the market ready for Haralson as soon as the growers can supply the demand.

Here again is your opportunity. Plant Haralson this spring and take advantage of the market right at your door!

# PLANT ANDREWS NORTHERN ROOTED HARALSON

Prices page 4.

# ANDREWS NORTHERN ROOTED APPLE TREES

### New Apples from Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm

Prairie Spy—Latest Introduction

High Quality—Long Keeping

This new variety, formerly known as No. 1007, has just been named by the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. The most outstanding feature of Prairie Spy is its very excellent quality-considered to be as high quality as any apple in the United States.

Because Prairie Spy is so superior in quality to other apples marketed after Christmas, there will be a ready market for all that can be grown for many years. The trees are productive and the fruit hangs well to the trees.

Recommended for every orchard south of the Twin City latitude. It requires this length of season to develop full quality.

#### Beacon Early—All Red

Prof. Alderman says: "The new Beacon is a fall apple ripening with or a few days later than Duchess, and will keep for a month after harvest even without cold storage facilities. It is a highly colored, all-red variety — better eating than Duchess and is an excellent cooking apple. The tree is vigorous, productive, and very hardy.

The early season, the uniform size and shape, the high color and quality, together with the keeping and handling quality so different from most early apples, makes Beacon the outstanding early apple for home or for market. Beacon apples bring \$2.00 per bushel on the Minneapolis market when the Duchess are selling at 75c.

Wedge

Introduced about 16 years ago but Haralson "stole the show" at that time, and Wedge was not widely planted. However, it is now growing in popularity as a good market apple before Haralson is ready. It is a beautiful apple—large, smooth, and a bright red color. It is especially sought by restaurants and hotels for baking.

#### Minn. No. 700

"Minnesota Jonathan"

Prof. Alderman says: "A medium size, roundish, very dark, rich red color; quality good, regular cropper, fruit hangs to the tree."

Minn. 700 gives us fruit comparable to Jonathan, but without the faults of Jonathan. A splendid fall apple.

#### Minn. No. 790 "Tip Top Baker"

Many people do not realize that restaurants and hotels are very particular about the apples they choose for baking. They require just the right size, texture, sugar content, etc. Of the older varieties the most popular for baking has been Rome Beauty, which cannot be grown here but must be shipped in from the West Coast.

However, tests carried on in connection with the State University indicate that Minn. 790 is just as satisfactory as Rome Beauty and it can be grown here in our own back yard. Let's plant Minn. 790 and "grow our own."

#### Minn. No. 638 "Winter Wealthy"

This new apple has been called the "Winter Wealthy," although it is quite superior to Wealthy in many ways. It hangs to the tree until colored up a beautiful bright red. It is good to eat as soon as it is picked or it will keep until February or March. Recommended from Twin City latitude south to allow a full ripening season.

Prices page 4.

Prof. Alderman and his staff at the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm have surely done notable work in developing the splendid new apples listed on this page. Here you have hardiness and productivity of tree, com-bined with high quality of fruit. You will have a succession of apples from late summer throughout the fall, winter and spring, and the quality ranks with the best.

Supply of these trees limited — order early. Plant the full assort-



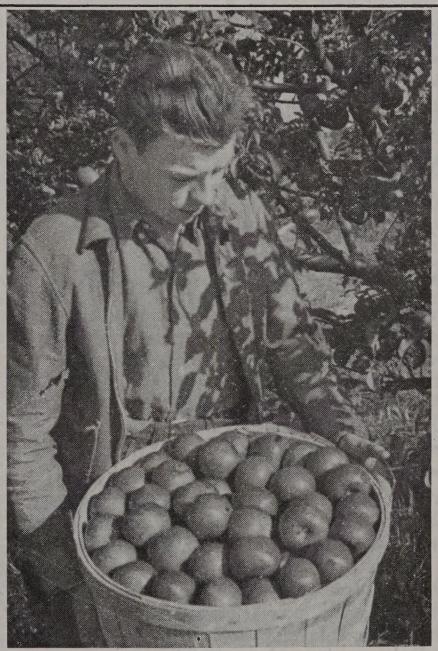
Prof. W. H. Alderman

# "New Apple" Special!

6 Trees 3-4 ft. — Only \$2.35, prepaid 4-5 ft. — Only \$2.95, prepaid

1 Beacon, 1 Minn. No. 700, 1 Minn. No. 638 1 Minn. No. 790, 1 Prairie Spy 1 Haralson

PLANT THE FULL COLLECTION



Beacon Tops the Market Before Wealthy or McIntosh are Ready

# ANDREWS

#### Cortland

Cortland is really a very exceptional apple. It has the high color and fine quality of its parent McIntosh without some of the faults of McIntosh.

Cortland hangs to the tree better — the fruit stands handling and shipping better and it keeps 'till midwinter. We have over a thousand Cortland in our bearing orchard and find the fruit sells



Plant Cortland for the boys

readily and brings a premium over common sorts. It even outsells McIntosh. The tree is a vigorous grower, a heavy cropper, and the fruit is well distributed over the trees.

Anoka A very hardy tree and an early, heavy cropper. Fruit lacks color, flavor, and keeping quality.

Red Duchess It has all the good qualities of the old Duchess and in addition has attractive bright red color. Red Duchess makes a delicious sauce with a flavor all its own. Commands a better price on the early market than common Duchess.

Delicious A high quality, sweet apple that may be grown in favored locations in southeastern Minnesota, if propagated on our hardy root stock. Keeps to January.

McIntosh A red apple of very high quality. Adapted to planting on suitable soils in vicinity of St. Paul and southeast. Not recommended for prairie districts in western Minnesota. Keeps 'till January.

### Northwestern Greening

Fruit very large, and handsome; turning yellow as it matures. This apple is in good demand as a cooking apple in late winter and spring. A good commercial variety in the southeast third of Minnesota. Season, December to March.

Dolgo Crab A comparatively new and very unusual crab apple. It has been called the "Perfect Crab." The fruit is strikingly beautiful, bright fiery red, borne in great profusion.

It jells perfectly—even when dead ripe. Dolgo is free from blight and it is rapidly displacing the old varieties such as Transcendent and Hyslop.

Dolgo makes a beautiful lawn tree and may be used on the home grounds instead of Mountain Ash.

# NORTHERN ROOTED APPLE TREES

Special for Top Working

We have had increasing demands of late for hardy trees on which to top work other varieties. Commercial apple growers like to secure Hibernal or Virginia to grow one or two years in the orchard, and then top work as they see fit. It is thought by many that apple trees will be longer lived and more productive when top worked on Hibernal or Virginia.

These two varieties as quoted below are ideal for this purpose. Both have been tested and approved by the State Horticultural Department. When buying trees for top working be sure you buy trees on Hardy Northern Root-Stocks, as, of course, a Hibernal or Virginia, if on a common root, would have no advantage over any common tree in the trade, and there would be no object in top working.

**Hibernal** is a large green apple, only suitable for cooking, but the tree is ideal for top working because of its strong sturdy trunk and crotches.

Virginia is a good crab apple of Transcendent type. The tree is principally recommended for top working. The trunk is strong and the crotches wide spreading.

Yellow Transparent An old favorite early summer eating apple. Very hardy and productive.

Whitney Crab A large, red, mild flavored crab, excellent for eating, canning, and pickles. Perfectly hardy, never blights, and is a heavy cropper. Whitney is the best of all sweet crab apples; it ripens early.

Wealthy Few apples that we grow excel the Wealthy in quality and appearance. This has been the leading commercial apple in the south half of Minnesota. Season, September to January.

Prices of Apples and Crabs: See Shipment Information on Order Blank

#### ALL TREES ON ANDREWS NORTHERN ROOT-STOCKS

Anoka
Cortland
Delicious
Red Duchess
Haralson
McIntosh
N. W. Greening
Wealthy
Yellow Transp.

Beacon Dolgo Minn. No. 700 Minn. No. 790 Minn. No. 638 Prairie Spy Wedge Whitney Each 4 10
3-4 ft. Prepaid \$0.39 \$1.40 \$3.35
4-5 ft. Not Prepaid .45 1.65 3.95

Each 4 10 3-4 ft. Prepaid \$0.49 \$1.65 \$3.95 4-5 ft. Not Prepaid .55 1.98 4.95

Trees for Top Working

Each 10 100
2-3 ft. Prepaid \$0.33 \$2.75 \$25.00
3-4 ft. Prepaid .39 3.35 30.00
4-5 ft. Not Prepaid .45 3.95 35.00

Hibernal

Virginia

# ANDREWS NORTHERN ROOTED

PLUM TREES

**New Jumbo Plums** 

The new Plum originated at the Minner **Ember** sota Fruit Breeding Farm about which

there have been so many fine reports.

Professor W. H. Alderman, Chief, Division of Horticulture, says, "Ember is a late Plum of good size and has exceptionally fine dessert and canning qualities. It is yellow with attractive red blush. It has two valuable and outstanding characteristics; it hangs to the tree tenaciously even at full maturity, and after picking will keep in good condition for two or three weeks."

This late Plum together with the earlier varieties mentioned make a splendid assortment for the home

or for market.

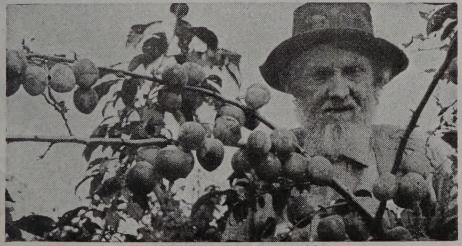
Fiebing A very large, high quality plum originated by Charles Haralson, formerly superintendent of the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm. Fiebing was awarded the "Fiebing Prize," for which it was named. Of this plum, Chas. Haralson wrote: "If I should plant an orchard of 100 trees, 75 trees would be Fiebing Plum on account of its high quality, early bearing, early ripening, large size, attractive color and hardy tree. The fruit hangs to the tree and is a good market plum. I think the plum is as near perfect as a plum can be; it is outstanding."

Superior One of the very best. This sensational new Plum was originated at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm and is considered the most perfect of all fine Plums introduced by the station. Fruit very large, firm flesh, beautiful red color, and delicious quality. You can peel them as you would a Peach.

Underwood The Underwood is valuable because of its large, early fruit. It is the earliest of the large Plums, attaining a size of 13/4 inches in diameter. The tree is a vigorous grower, the limbs being strong and well distributed and able to carry great loads of fruit. Plums, attractive red with splendid quality, small pit, hang well to the tree, ripening over a long period, August 1st to 15th.

Minnesota No. 17 A new, large red Plum from the Fruit Farm. Being a freestone it meets with approval by those who have tried it. Better than Red Wing which it will replace.

Minnesota No. 218 Another new variety from the Fruit Farm that will soon be named. A very large, red Plum of exceptionally good quality, either to eat fresh or when canned. No. 218 is doing well over a large area, and will replace Tonka and Red Wing.



Jumbo Plums-3-year-old

These New Jumbo Plums are as large as California Plums. They are better quality because they ripen on the tree. You can peel them as you would a Peach. Plant this Special Assortment!



Superior

#### JUMBO PLUM SPECIAL

1 Ember 1 Fiebing

1 Superior 1 Underwood 6 trees \$ 4-5 ft. ONLY

1 Hennepin 1 Surprise

### POLLINIZER PLUMS

Pollinizer Plums are essential for success in raising Plums. Be sure to include some Kaga Apricot-Plums or Surprise Plums in every group of Jumbo Plums. If you now have a group of Plums not fruiting well, you should add some Kaga to the group this spring.

Kaga and Surprise, described below, have proven to be the best pollinizers and, in addition, are excel-

lent Plums themselves.

(Apricot-Plum). In the first place it is Kaga one of the most positive pollinizers for the Jumbo Plums or for common Plums. Besides, it has a delicious and distinct quality unsurpassed by any other Plum. Kaga is especially fine for canning or for Plum jam; in fact, is conceded to be at the top of the list for this purpose. Commercial growers are receiving repeat orders for "the Apricot-Plum."

Surprise A sweet juicy plum, excellent to eat out of hand. Surprise is also an efficent pollinizer for Jumbo Plums or for any common Plums.

Hennepin A red-fleshed Plum originated by the Minnesota Fruit Farm. Introduced a few years ago, but not widely planted at that time. However, its heavy cropping and splendid dark red flesh are creating demand for it, especially for preserves.

#### PRICES OF PLUM TREES

See Shipment Information On Order Blank.

Ember					2020
Fiebing	2 11		Each	4	10
Superior	₹3-4 ft.	Prepaid	\$0.39	\$1.40	\$3.35
Underwood	4-5 ft.	Prepaid Not Ppd.	.45	1.65	3.95
Surprise					
Hennepin )	(				
Kaga	3-4 ft.	Prepaid	\$0.49	\$1.65	\$3.95
Minn. No. 17	4-5 ft.	Prepaid Not Ppd.	.55	1.98	4.95
Minn. No. 218		SOLD THE ST			

#### ANDREWS NORTHERN ROOTED CHERRY TREES



3-year old Sapa Cherries

Sapa—Red Flesh Cherry Since its introduction a num ber of years ago by Professor N. E. Hansen, Sapa has become very widely planted. One fruit farm starting with a half-dozen trees has increased their plantings until they now have over 3000 Sapa cherries in bearing. They find ready sale for the fruit on account of its splendid quality which is unexcelled for canning, for sauce and jams and for eating out of hand. Their increased plantings were in response to the increased demand. The fruit sells readily at 6c per lb.

Beautiful Wine-Red Color—Excellent Quality. Sapa is a large sized hybrid cherry with small pit. It is purple-red outside and wine-red inside, thin skinned and of delicious flavor. The dark wine-colored flesh makes a most attractive sauce or preserve.

Fruits at 2 Years Old. The Sapa forms fruit buds on one-yearold wood. Thus it is that Sapa can bear the next year after planting in the orchard—it is this reason that makes it a good annual fruiter.

Hardy—Easy to Grow. Sapa is very hardy and thrives over a wide range. It is best practice to grow Sapa as a large bush and keep them pruned more severely than most fruit trees. Cut out the older growth and encourage growth of new shoots that will set fruit regularly and heavily. The Compass Pollinizer described below should be included in Sapa plantings.

Oka Cherry This is another hybrid Cherry recently introduced by Professor Hansen. It should be grown in bush form as suggested for Sapa. The fruit is a rich purplered color both outside and inside, a delicious flavor and the tree is immensely productive. It produces fruit buds the second season and fruits regularly.

#### POLLINIZER CHERRIES

Prof. A. F. Yeager, of the North Dakota Agricultural Cooper Cherry College, says: "Cooper is a seedling of Compass Cherry, and the plant resembles Compass Cherry to some extent. The fruit is considerably larger than Compass Cherry, round in shape and pink when ripe. When cooked, the thin peeling becomes inconspicuous so that the canned product resembles the white sweet Cherry more nearly than anything I could compare it to." Stock very limited.

Mordena Cherry Originated at Morden Experiment Station, Manitoba, Canada. The tree is extremely hardy and very fruitful. Mr. Chipman of Winnipeg writes: "After two of the severest winters on record in the Winnipeg district, the two Mordena trees were loaded with fruit to the topmost branches, eight feet in the air. It is a few days earlier to ripen and very much hardier than Compass. Mordena is very good for eating out of hand and really excellent for all cooking purposes." Stock very limited.

#### PRICES of CHERRIES

See Shipment Information On Order Blank

Compass ]			
Cooper	Each	4	10
Mordena }	3-4 ft., ppd\$0.39 4-5 ft., not ppd45	\$1.40	\$3.35
Oka	4-5 ft., not ppd	1.65	3.95
Sapa			
Prof. Hanse Improved Bush Cherr	en's $\left\{ 2\text{-yr. size, ppd.}  30 \right\}$	1.00	2.00
			Each

Japonica No. 20 ( ) 18-24 in., ppd......\$0.75

Japonica No. 60) (2-3 ft., ppd.....

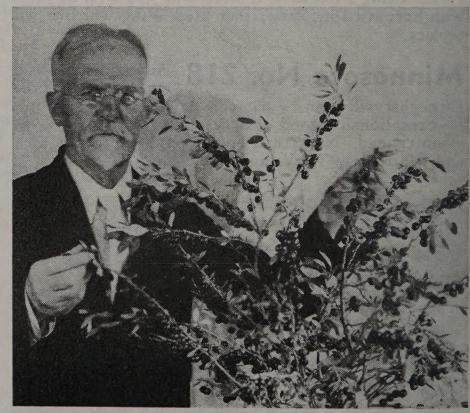
location. The fruit is especially good for jams, jellies, and for canning. Compass is an early fruiter, bearing the second year. It is indispensable as a pollinizer for Sapa and Oka.

Compass has proven to be a most satisfactory pollenizer for Sapa and Oka Cherries.

It is a very hardy tree and thrives in nearly any sort of

Plant a Compass in every group and in large plantings at least 1 Compass to 8 or 10 Sapa or Oka. **Prof. Hansen's Bush Cherry** 

Prof. Hansen's improved Bush Cherries are recommended as pollinizers for the other Cherries listed above. They are easy to grow. The fruit makes delicious preserves. They bear early, heavily and annually, and, most important, they are effective pollinizers for Sapa and Oka.



Professor N. E. Hansen with branches of the New Hansen Bush Cherry—a good pollinizer

# ANDREWS HARDY PEARS

#### **BANTAM PEAR · NEW!**

Formerly Minnesota No. 3. Just named this year.

This pear was originated at the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm. The fruit is not as large as the other varieties, but makes up in quality what it may lack in size. The tree is as hardy as a Duchess apple tree and can be grown successfully wherever Duchess can be grown. It is free from blight and is a heavy and annual cropper. To eat and to can, this new pear has made a place for itself.

Being a strong, vigorous grower, this Bantam Pear makes a very appropriate and a very interesting tree to plant on the side lawn or in the outdoor living room.

Patten Pear This pear was originated by Chas. Patten a number of years ago and has since been thoroughly tested and is now recommended for planting in the southern half of Minnesota.

Patten is a strong, vigorous growing tree and very productive. Prof. H. L. Lantz says, "This Patten pear, as grown at Charles City, has never blighted and has been productive and vigorous. The fruit is of good size, resembles Bartlett in form, very tender, juicy and good quality; season September."

Now that it is so clearly demonstrated that these pears can be successfully grown in Minnesota, all orchards should include a good assortment. We can heartily recommend Patten.

# Japanese Cherries

(Prunus Japonica No. 20 and No. 60)

You will be greatly surprised and pleased with two new Cherries originated at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. We are offering them this year for the first time. They belong to a new type of bush Cherry which is not only very fruitful but is ornamental as well.

The nearly black fruit is borne in abundance. It is excellent to eat out of hand, and may well take the

place of Montmorency for pies.

The bushes grow in low compact form, 3 to 4 feet high. The foliage is fine, clean, and attractively colored in the fall. These Cherries may be planted as a row in the garden or used as shrubbery in landscape plantings.

At present they are known as Japonica No. 20 and Japonica No. 60. Plant both varieties. Order early as stock is limited. **Prices**, page 6.



Plant Japanese Cherries On the Lawn or In the Garden—Prices Page 6



Parker Pear

Parker Pear This splendid pear was inintroduced a few years ago by the Minnesota State Fruit Farm and has been steadily gaining recognition and favor since that time.

Parker Pear has been well tested in different parts of the state and is now recommended for general planting in the southern half of the state and is suggested for trial in favorable locations farther north.

Prof. Alderman, Chief of Horticulture, University of Minnesota, describes the tree as large, vigorous and free growing. The fruit is medium to large, with smooth medium thick skin; color clear medium yellow, usually with blush; flesh is tender, medium fine grained, juicy, sweet and of very good quality. Fruit ripens in early September.

#### PRICES of PEARS

See Shipment Information On Order Blank.
Plant more than one variety to insure pollination.

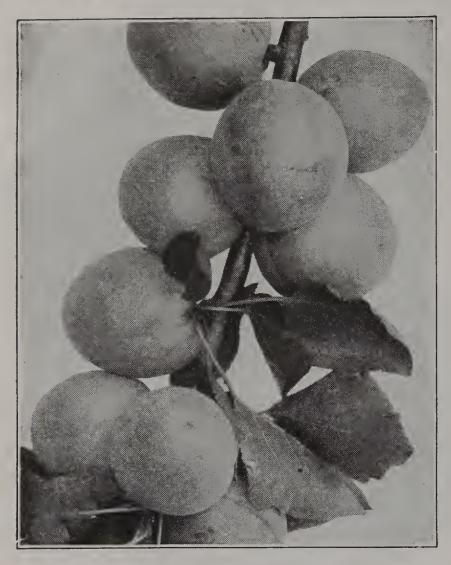
	Each	4	10
Bantam	3-4 ft., ppd \$0.49	\$1.65	\$3.95
	} { 3-4 ft., ppd\$0.49 4-5 ft., not ppd55	1.98	4.95
Parker	} { 3-4 ft., ppd	1.40	3.35
Patten	$\int \left( 4-5 \text{ ft., not ppd.} \dots 45 \right)$	1.65	3.95

#### PEAR SPECIAL

5 Trees 3 to 4 Only \$1.95

1 Bantam 2 Patten 2 Parker

# ANDREWS' HARDY APRICOTS



#### PROF. HANSEN'S APRICOTS

Prof. Hansen writes: "Hardy apricots are here—probably the greatest hardy fruit introduction in many years. I saved seed from many fruits and now have 45 seedlings. The trees are a beautiful sight in bloom. The large flowers, white with distinct pink tinge, appear early before the leaves. The fruit is yellow, somewhat smaller than the apricots of commerce, and makes delicious preserves."

#### The Best Twelve Varieties Are Described Below

MANCHU. Large yellow fruit; heavy crop. Fruit No. 1 in size and quality. Cooks up into pale yellow, good quality sauce. Apparently the largest fruit in this lot of seedlings.

MANDARIN. Fruit large, rich yellow color; one of the

best in quality, fresh or when cooked.

CHOW. Tree productive; fruit large, good eating. Pale

yellow sauce of good quality.

SING. Tree productive, fruit large. Good rich orangeyellow sauce; flavor stronger than some of the others. NINGUTA. Fruit large yellow with red blush. Crop very heavy. Season late. One of the mildest and best. TOLA. Large, freestone. Makes excellent quality sauce. 1935 crop very heavy. One of the best. Season early, August.

ANDA. Tree productive, fruit freestone, good size. Season late. In cooking, stays firm and does not cook

up. One of the very best in quality.

ZUN. Quality of fruit nearly excellent. Pit small, round,

SINO. Heavy crop, fruit small, on 8-foot, crowded tree.

Cooking test: excellent flavor.

LALIN. Fruit large, yellow with red blush. Fresh fruit of good quality. Tree a heavy cropper. No cooking test. Season early.

HULAN. Very heavy crop of large fruit. Season early.

Cooking test: makes good flavored sauce.

SANSIN. Heavy crop of large fruit. Fresh fruit of excellent quality, making a rich orange-yellow sauce.

#### ANOTHER TRIUMPH FOR THE FRUIT BREEDERS

Fruit growers of the Northwest have been greatly surprised and delighted with the new hardy Apricots which

are now available to planters.

Prof. Hansen of South Dakota State College released a group of 12 new Apricots, and the Experimental Station of Morden, Canada, has also released a very fine apricot called Scout. We secured propagating wood from the originators, and offer the complete assortment.

These make a splendid addition to the fruits that may

be grown in the northern areas.

Two very outstanding points of interest about these Apricots is their extreme drought resistance and their extreme hardiness. Heat and drought, or the other extreme of 50 degrees below zero, does not interfere with their vigorous growth and heavy crops.

Another advantage of these Apricots is their early season. Ripening ahead of Plums, they find a ready market.

#### SCOUT APRICOT

The Morden Weekly News Letter says: "The Scout Apricot tree is over 12 feet tall. It tolerated recent cold winters much better than most local Apple trees, and seems to enjoy the dry hot summers of the past few years. Fruit is produced generously even on the topmost branches. It is a bronzy, gold color, often with red blush at the stem end; size, 1.9/16" x 1.7/16" x 1.4/16", suture distinct, freestone, yellow flesh, smooth, tender, and free of

fiber, skin thin and tender, flavor pleasing as dessert,

jam, or canned."

A limited number of Scout are offered this year. Order early.

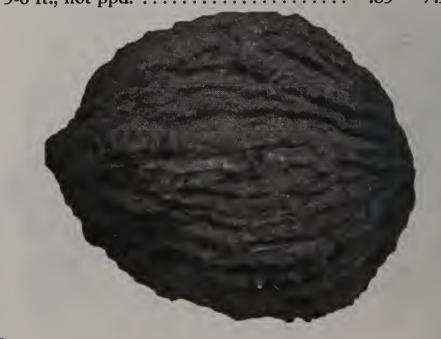
**Prices of Apricots** 

See	e Shipment Information On Ord	er Blank	<b>C.</b>
	Each	3	10
Hansen	2-3 ft., ppd \$0.58	\$1.65	\$4.95
Apricots	3-4 ft., ppd	1.85	5.65
	) \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	2.25	6.45
	γ (18-24 in., ppd	1.85	
Scout	2-3 ft., ppd	2.15	
Apricots	3-4 ft., ppd 1.00	2.85	
	] [4-5 ft., not ppd 1.25	3.50	

#### **BLACK WALNUT**

We offer a hardy strain of the Minnesota Black Walnut. A group of these trees might well be on every farm. They are easy to grow, and it's mighty fine to have a supply of the nuts for the kiddies.

Each	10
3-4 ft., ppd	\$3.00
4-5 ft., not ppd	
	7 50



# ANDREWS "Certified" STRAWBERRY PLANTS

**GEM** Everbearing

HEAVY CROPS. Gem bears very heavily—many growers have averaged a quart to a plant the first year. No need to ever hunger for strawberries. Gem plants set in April or May will bear this year from July until winter.

HIGH QUALITY. Gem is of good size, light in color, very showy and attractive and has a very fine, rich flavor.

QUICK PROFITS. Gem is ideal for market. It will stand up—it is firm enough to withstand the necessary handling, and is sure to bring high prices at either road-side stands or on the city markets. Get your patch started this year; they will give you enough berries for your own family and a surplus to sell to neighbors or ship to market. Set plants 12 to 18 inches apart, with rows 2½ to 3½ feet apart. In some seasons the plants may need thinning for best production. Although Gem is of comparatively recent origin, its high quality, vigorous growth, and prolific yield has placed it in high favor with growers who consider it to be far superior to Mastodon and other older varieties.



WAYZATA Everbearing

Large Berries Wayzata berries are large and well shaped and hold their size well throughout the season instead of running to nubbins the latter part of the season. Often nine or ten berries will cover a pint box.

Bright Red and High Quality

The bright red color and high quality of Wayzata is retained even several days after being picked. This is a great advantage on the market and brings the grower top money.

Plants are Healthy and Hardy

Clean healthy foliage and a vigorous deep root system are characteristics of Wayzata that enable it to thrive and produce so heavily.

Money Makers
Since its introduction Wayzata Strawberries have consistently brought from a third to a half more money
than other Strawberries on the Minneapolis and St.
Paul markets. They have netted as high as \$700.00
to \$1,200.00 per acre even during some of our driest
years.

CATSKILL A strong vigorous grower, a sure cropper, and a real money maker. We think Catskill is the very best midseason Strawberry. It was originated at the New York Experiment Station and is a cross between Marshall and Premier. It is a very strong grower and even under unfavorable circumstances makes a good stand of plants. The flower stalks are tall and strong and the berries are carried high. Catskill is a very large berry, some of them perhaps a trifle rough, but its big size and bright color make it very attractive and in demand on the market. The quality of the berry is good, fully as good as Premier.

DUNLAP The berries are medium to large, conical and often slightly necked, dark crimson with a deep red flesh, quality very good. The plants are healthy and vigorous. Very productive. Grows on all kinds of soil, and in extremely cold climates. A good variety for canning and a good pollinizer for pistillate varieties. It can be shipped to distant markets. Holds up a long while after being picked. Season a few days after Premier begins bearing.

BEAVER Beaver is rapidly becoming popular on account of heavy yield, early season, good color and excellent shipping quality. The fruit is firm, and red clear through, making it especially good for canning, as it retains its color in the can. The flavor is not as high as Premier and Dunlap but the heavy yield and other good qualities make it a desirable strawberry to plant. Beaver is recommended especially for sandy soil as it appears to do better on sandy soils than on heavy clay.

PREMIER Premier is still holding its own with many growers as the top No. 1 Strawberry for this country. It's a proven money maker and will, no doubt, continue as the main commercial berry with many growers at least until some of the newer berries have proven themselves out. Premier is a fine early berry. It does well over a wide range of territory and on almost any soil. The berries are good average size, a medium red color and show up well in the package. It is firm enough to ship moderate distances and the quality is better than most other varieties now generally grown.

# Plant Andrews Acclimated CERTIFIED STRAWBERRY PLANTS See Shipment Instructions On Order Blank

		Pı	epaid		Express		
	25	50	100	250	500	1000	
Dunlap		\$0.75	\$ .95	\$1.95	\$ 3.50	\$ 6.25	
Beaver		.90	1.25	2.45	3.70	6.75	
Premier		.90	1.25	2.45	3.70	6.75	
Catskill Gem		.90	1.25	2.45	4.10	7.25	
Everbearing Wayzata		1.00	1.80	3.25	5.50	10.00	
Everbearing	1.25	2.00	3.25	7.25	11.50	23.00	

# ANDREWS New CURRANTS and GOOSEBERRIES

# These splendid new fruits are replacing old "Horse and Buggy" sorts. Red Lake Currant Big Berry, Long Bunch

# Pixwell Gooseberry Extremely hardy and productive, attractive as well as useful in ornamental plantings.

#### Red Lake Currant

The introduction of Red Lake by the State Fruit Farm marks a big step forward in currant culture. It stands head and shoulders above any variety formerly grown in the northwest. The berries are big and the bunches long and well filled to the tip. The exceptionally long stems make them easy to pick. The bushes are thrifty and extremely productive. Little old currants can now be discarded to make room for Red Lake. It's easy to grow and you will enjoy picking the big long bunches. Ripens early midseason, but holds on over a long period so it can be used or marketed as desired. It brings top prices on the market and is a splendid money maker. We suggest you order early as the supply is limited.

Pixwell Gooseberry

This is the new gooseberry originated by Dr. A. F. Yeager at the North Dakota Experiment Station. As the name implies it "picks well." The berries hang down on slender stems about two inches below the branches. This feature together with the fewness and relative softness of its thorns makes picking the fruit a quick and easy operation. Pixwell is absolutely hardy, and a good vigorous grower, producing large bushes that carry heavy loads of fruit. The berries are large, oval, an attractive light green color when immature, ripening to pink. Even up at the Dominion Experiment Station at Morden, Canada, Pixwell is considered the nearest thing to a "sure crop" of anything they grow. Plant some of these dependable bushes this year. Foliage colors up to be a most attractive ornamental bush.

Como Gooseberry

Named and introduced by the Minnesota State Fruit Farm. Como has many good features to recommend it to planters. The State Farm says: "Como is a vigorous plant, with exceptionally healthy foliage, relatively free from thorns, very productive; fruit medium in size, roundish, green when ripe, holds to bushes well, resists scalding better than most varieties. Promising as a commercial berry." Como is excellent for preserves and jam.

Carrie Gooseberry

An old favorite in the fruit garden, heavy cropper and disease-resistant. It has few thorns and is often called the thornless gooseberry.

#### Mary Washington Asparagus

The shoots are large in size, early, prolific, and do not branch near the ground, thus making it possible to cut unbranched shoots with tight buds, often 2 feet long. There are a number of different strains of the Washington type on the market, some known as Washington, others as Martha Washington, Giant Washing. ton, and Mary Wash ington. Experiments carried on at Cornell University indicate that the Mary Washington strain is much superior to Martha Washington strains. We supply the Mary Washington.



### ANDREWS RICH RED RHUBARB

#### Red MacDonald Rhubarb

(Color cut, back cover)

Discard the old green stalk ox-cart rhubarb and get a few plants of this new crimson streamlined MacDonald. It is the last word in rhubarb. It is good to look at, as well as good for you. In describing this variety, Prof. L. G. Bunting, of MacDonald College, in Quebec, Canada, where this variety was originated, writes:

"It is a very highly colored, attractive red stalk, of large size, productive, very tender and succulent, and of excellent quality, and particularly valuable for pies and desserts. Its color, when cooked without peeling, is as attractive as that of raspberries."

Plant a few hills of this splendid rhubarb in your garden this year. It yields heavily and lasts a lifetime. When once you try MacDonald, you will grow no other.

#### **Red Ruby Rhubarb**

Another new Red Rhubarb introduced from Canada. The stalks are intensely red as the name implies—even the inside of the stalk is red. Rhubarb sauce made from Ruby is as red as strawberry sauce. The skin is so tender it can be cooked with the stalk. Both Ruby and MacDonald are money makers on the market because they sell on sight at a premium over common rhubarb.

#### **Portland Grape**

Holds first place as an early green Grape. The vine is very healthy, vigorous, and productive. Bunches and berries are larger than any other early green Grape.

#### Fredonia Grape - High Quality

The new, outstanding early black grape. (See color cut, back cover.) Fredonia is the earliest good black grape. The vine is vigorous and productive and ripens its fruit 3 weeks earlier than Concord. The clusters are medium size, cylindrical and very compact; berries large, round, and hang well to the bunch; the skin is thick and tough; the flesh is juicy, solid, but tender, and the quality is very good. Fredonia stands alone as an early heavy fruiting black grape. Plant Fredonia this year and grow your own table grapes. We have never seen its equal. As soon as plants are more plentiful, Fredonia will be widely planted for market as it has three weeks the lead in ripening.

#### LOW PRICES—GENUINE STOCK

See	Shipme	nt Informa	tion C	n Or	der Blai	nk.	
GRAPES—All	Prepaid			3	5	10	25
GRAPES—All Beta	1 yr		\$	0.65	\$0.85	\$1.50	\$3.15
Fredonia 5 (	2 yr	• • • • • • •	• • • • '	.95	1.35	2.35	4.65
Portland	1 yr			.75	1.00	1.85	3.85
	-			1.25	1.60	2.95	5.65
CURRANTS-	-All Prej	paid					
Red Lake	1 yr			.65	.85	1.50	3.15
	2 yr	• • • • • • • • •	• • • •	.95	1.35	2.35	4.65
GOOSEBERRI	ES—All	Prepaid					
Carrie	1 yr			.75	1.00	1.85	3.85
		• • • • • • • •		1.25	1.60	2.95	5.65
Como ) )	1 yr			1.25	1.80	3.45	
Pixwell 5		• • • • • • • •		1.70	2.35	4.10	
ASPARAGUS-	—All Pr	epaid			25	50	100
Mary Washin	ngton	1-yrold	roots		.\$0.55	\$0.90	\$1.50
•		Heavy g				1.00	1.65
RHUBARB			Prepa	id	1	Not P	repaid
		Each			0		100
MacDonald .		\$0.38	\$1.48	3 \$2	.75	\$6.18	\$24.00
Ruby		38	1.48	3 2	.75	6.18	24.00



MacDonald Rhubarb Four Months After Planting

#### Hardy Beta Grape

A heavy, annual bearer, hardy as the wild grape and produces enormous crops of medium size black fruit of extra good quality for juice and jelly, and ripens so early that it can be grown far North. An essential part of any home garden and wonderfully profitable as a commercial grape. The Beta withstands our severe northern winters without protection. They may be grown on fences, over a building, or in a windmill tower and should bear heavily every year.



# BIG YIELDS AND SURE PROFITS FROM ANDREWS "Certified" RED LATHAM

Genuine Redpath Strain



#### RASPBERRY JUICE— A REFRESHING DRINK

Extract the juice by mashing the fruit in sugar. Drain through a cloth and preserve the clear juice in jars. It makes a refreshing summer drink when diluted with water, and is wonderful in lemonade.

#### Starting Right Saves You Money and Avoids Loss

You can save money and avoid failure by getting your plants from RASPBERRY HEADQUARTERS. Success with rasp-berries, as with anything else, depends on getting started on a sure foundation—that is, with clean, strong, vigorous, disease-free plants.

#### PROF. ALDERMAN says of LATHAM:

"The Latham variety of red raspberry not only is resistant to our winter conditions but it is also one of the most productive raspberries with which we are familiar.

"Its attractive coloring and firmness give it such favorable appearance on the market that it ordinarily commands a premium of fifty cents a case over and above

"I would say that our test plots of red raspberries at the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm have given conclusive proof that raspberry growing is profitable in this state. It is highly important to start with disease-free plants and follow up with suitable culture. Our test plots under such conditions yielded from 254 to 294 24-pint crates per acre the third season after planting."

Plant Latham for pleasure and for profits. Prices, page 13.

Free folder on "Growing Raspberries" accompanies each order.

200 crates per acre, and exceptionally good fields in good seasons go as high as 400 crates per acre. Prices vary with the locality and the season. From \$2.00 to \$3.00 a crate is considered a fair price. At only 200 crates per acre and at only \$2.50 per crate, you would have an income of \$500.00 from just one acre of "CERTIFIED" raspberries. Sit down now with your pencil and paper. You know what income you would like to have during raspberry time. From that you can figure how many plants you should set. Planting 5x5 feet apart for the hill system would require 1700 plants. Planting 2½ ft. by 6 ft. for the hedge row system requires 2800 plants.



Prof. W. H. Alderman
Chief of the Division of Horticulture, University of Minnesota

# BERRY GROWERS MAKE MONEY WITH ANDREWS "Certified" RASPBERRY PLANTS

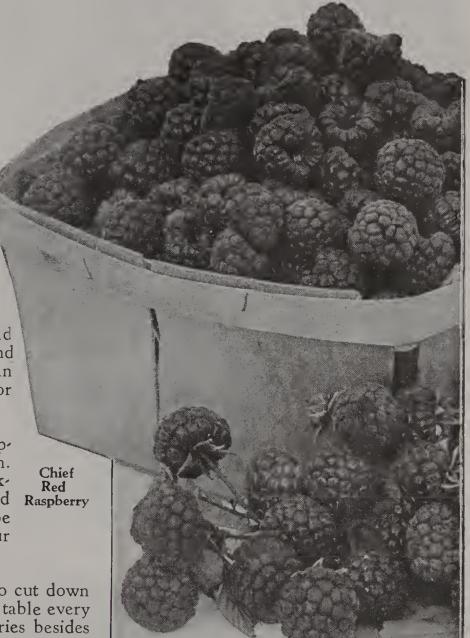
Fruit growers are making money with our "CERTI-FIED" Red Raspberry plants. You can do the same. There is no secret about it and no difficulty if you start with clean, healthy, true-to-name plants and then follow our simple directions that go with every package. Red Raspberries are one of the very easiest fruits to grow in the home garden and one of the most profitable to grow for market.

RASPBERRIES EASY TO GROW. You will have no difficulty if you start your planting with certifie disease-free stock and follow the simple directions which accompany each order. Once established and given reasonable care a Raspberry patch will give you an abundance of fruit for many years.

EASY TO EAT. A heaping bowl of ripe Raspberries, served with sugar and cream, will make anyone sit up and take nourishment! They are excellent for shortcake and easy to prepare. You get added satisfaction when you can have this luscious fruit from your own bushes—fresh for every meal.

EASY TO CAN. No fruit is easier to can than Raspberries. They require no hulling or other preparation. They need little sugar, and you will have almost no shrinkage in canning. You get practically a full quart of canned fruit from every quart of berries. They are conceded to be one of the easiest fruits to can, and when you grow your own they are one of the very cheapest.

EASY ON GROCERY BILLS. You will find it easy to cut down the grocery bills when your Raspberry patch furnishes the table every day for three or four weeks with delicious fresh raspberries besides a plentiful supply for canning.



#### EARLY RASPBERRIES AND TOP PRICES FROM ANDREWS "CERTIFIED" CHIEF

CHIEF Is a seedling of Latham and was originated by the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm. It possesses many of the good qualities of Latham, some of them to even a greater degree than the parent, the main point of difference being in season of ripening. "Chief" is 10 to 12 days earlier to ripen than Latham, thus giving us a profitable berry for early market. It bridges the gap between strawberries and ordinary raspberries—and the berries bring a good price on the market.

In the western and northwestern parts of Minnesota, and even up into Canada, Chief is doing exceptionally well, both as a home berry and as a commercial crop. Under such conditions, it is proving out more profitable than Latham.

# ANDREWS PLANTS HAVE A NATIONAL REPUTATION There are inspected expend times as the second by

They are inspected several times each season by the State Nursery Inspector and have been pronounced "mosaic-free" and in excellent condition. No effort has been spared to produce No. 1 plants. Our climate and soil are ideal for developing vigor and good roots. Contrary to the common policy of digging small plants and leaving the best canes for fruiting, we dig the entire field, giving you the best, strongest and most vigorous plants. The special machine used in digging these plants makes possible the excellent root system of our plants.

#### PRICES OF RASPBERRIES AND BLACKBERRIES

INCLO OF MARCH							
See Shipment Information On Order	r Blank		Prepai	d	Express or Freight		
T. d Madium	12	25	50	100 \$2.10	250	500 \$ 7.00	1000
$\begin{array}{c c} \textbf{Latham} & & \begin{cases} 1 \text{ yr. Medium } \dots \\ 1 \text{ yr. Standard } \dots \end{cases}$	•	.95	1.65	2.95	6.65	9.95	18.85
Newburgh   2 yr. Heavy	•	1.85	2.85	4.65	9.95	15.35	29.50
Indian Summer 1 yr. Standard			3.25		,	,	,
Sodus (1 yr. only) $\int_{0}^{2} yr$ . Heavy Marcy (2 yr. only)	1.50	2.95	4.85	8.35	17.85	29.85	58.50
Cumberland 1 yr. Standard		1.10 2.95	1.85 4.85	3.35 8.35	7.75 17.85	12.95 29.85	24.65 58.50
2 yr. Heavy							
Alfred 1 yr. Standard 2 yr. Heavy		.98 1.95	1.65 3.35	2.95 5.95	6.65 12.65	12.85 23.65	23.85 43.45
Boysenberry 1 yr. Standard	. 1.20	2.25	3.95	6.85			

# PLANT OUR "2-YEAR HEAVY" and GAIN A YEAR

Our "2-year Heavy"
Raspberries are especially large well-rooted plants. The plants are grown one year, then cut back to the ground and grown one year more. This method develops exceptionally strong plants with a 2-year-old root and 1-year-old top. These have a wonderful root system and give quick results and satisfaction.

## ANDREWS NEW RED RASPBERRIES

**Taylor** 



Indian Summer



Marcy



Newburgh

#### **TAYLOR**

Taylor is the most promising of the new red rasp. berries from the New York Experiment Station. The plants are strong, vigorous growers and are very heavy croppers. The canes are quite upright and carry a load well. The berries ripen shortly before Latham, are large, bright, attractive red, firm, and of really excellent quality. They do not cling to the bushes tightly as some varieties but come off readily without crumbling. All indications are that Taylor will take a leading place in raspberry circles. You will make no mistake to plant Taylor this year. Prices are now low enough so you can plant liberally. Prices, page 13.

#### INDIAN SUMMER

Of this variety the New York Fruit Testing Association says: "The first fall-bearing or so-called ever-bearing red raspberry to be named by the Station—is decidedly superior to the varieties of its class now in the trade, namely Ranere (St. Regis) and the Erskine Park-La-France group of fall-bearing sorts. The berries are large, roundish conic, slightly irregular, medium red, rather soft, crumble slightly, and are good in quality. The summer crop ripens early, or soon after the June variety. The autumn crop starts early in September and continues until a severe frost, the bulk of the fall crop ripening during October. The plants are hardy at Geneva, vigorous, above medium height, and bear heavy crops. Indian Summer is rather soft and dark for commercial purposes, but is well worthy of trial in the home garden." Will probably need some winter protection. Prices, page 13.

#### MARCY

Another very promising New York raspberry is the Marcy. Of this the Fruit Testing Association says: "This red raspberry was offered for the first time in 1936. The berries, the largest of any variety in the Station collection, are long-conic, firm, thick-fleshed, medium red, mild in flavor and of good quality. The plants are tall, vigorous, healthy, and hardy at Geneva. The sturdy canes which should not need support, bear the fruit out in the open, thus facilitating picking. Marcy is worth trying for market and for home use, being especially noteworthy for the very large berries, vigor and productiveness of the plants." Will probably need some winter protection. Price, page 13.

#### NEWBURGH

Very good reports are coming in from around Duluth where Newburgh has done especially well and is attracting serious attention. The New York Fruit Testing Association, about this variety, says: "Is proving to be a very satisfactory berry for market purposes. The fruit is very large, very firm, and does not crumble. The color is a bright, attractive red; in keeping and shipping quality it has no superior. The plants are vigorous, hardy, and very productive, the weight of the fruit is so great that the canes are often bent to the ground. The fruit is borne out in the open where it may be readily picked. Under average conditions such as prevail in central and western New York, mosiac is rarely serious in Newburgh. In season it is three or four days earlier than Cuthbert. The canes should be cut back about one-fourth to one-third at the regular dormant pruning in early spring, since this variety tends to overbear if not cut back. This should improve the picking quality somewhat." Will probably need some winter protection. Prices, page 13.

Blackcaps · Purplecaps · Blackberries

Sodus - New Purplecap

A new purplecap originated by the New York Experiment Station. It is extremely vigorous, hardy and drought resistant. In our experimental plots Sodus has surpassed all others in growth of cane and in production. The berries are large, firm, medium purple in color, sprightly and good in quality. It ripens shortly after Latham. All indications are that Sodus will be widely planted as fast as stock is available. We have a

limited number to offer and recommend them highly.

The New York Fruit Testing Association says: "Sodus is more resistant to drought than Columbian and yields a good crop every year. It ripens shortly after Latham. If this variety holds up to its present promise, it should replace Columbian of which all stock is diseased, and simplify mosaic control in those areas where Columbian is grown extensively." Prices on page 13.

# Cumberland Blackcap

Cumberland is a good old stand-by. The fruit is medium in size and of fine flavor. It is a heavy cropper and very dependable especially when the canes are laid down and covered with earth during the winter time. Cumberland has stood the test of time and probably is still the most widely planted of all blackcaps. Prices, page 13.



#### ALFRED Blackberry

Alfred is rapidly becoming popular. The large, jet-black berries are sweet and juicy, and are often 1½ inches long. It is called the coreless Blackberry. Alfred is a strong, vigorous grower, and has stood 30 degrees below zero without injury when other varieties were killed to the ground. For best results in the North we recommend winter protection. It is about a week to ten days protection. It is about a week to ten days earlier than Eldorado and more productive.

#### BOYSENBERRY

Said to be a cross between the Loganberry, Raspberry and Blackberry. A very large berry and very productive. It should be given protection in this northern section. Prices, page 13.



Andrews Two-Year Heavy Grade Raspberry Plants PLANT THESE AND GAIN A YEAR



Sodus Purple Cap



Andrews Better Raspberry Plants Grow Into Sturdy Bushes 6000 Pints Per Acre Is Not an Uncommon Yield With Such Bushes as These



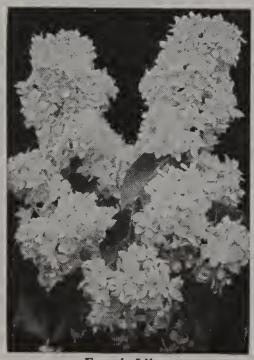
Spirea Van Houttei



Mock Orange, Virginal



Golden Elder



French Lilacs



Mayflower Bush



Rose Tree of China

# Beautify Your Home with Flowering Shrubs

BARBERRY (Japanese). 2 feet. Thunberg's Barberry, entirely free from rust; may be planted in any state. A beautiful dwarf shrub for foundation planting, bordering shrub masses, or for informal low hedge. Foliage, bright green; reddish bronze autumn coloring. Colors are brighter in sunny location. The bright red berries remain on through the winter.

BARBERRY, RED LEAF. 2 feet. This is the red form of the Japanese Barberry. Planted in a sunny location its rich red foliage makes a striking appearance.

BUSH CHERRY, JAPANESE. 3 to 4 ft., white flowers, dark red cherries, fine foliage, beautiful autumn color.

CARAGANA (Siberian Pea Tree). 10-12 feet. Early flowers, bright yellow. Gray-green foliage. Extremely hardy.

CHERRY, PURPLE LEAF. 4.5 feet. The dark red leaves show up in pleasing contrast to other foliage.

COTONEASTER. 5.6 feet. Dark green, glossy foliage turning to bronze in autumn. Useful in shrub or as a formal hedge. Does well in shade.

CRANBERRY, High Bush. 6.7 feet. An upright, handsome shrub. The bright red berries hang on throughout the winter.

DOGWOOD, Golden Barked. 6-7 feet. Golden bark, good for contrast in screen plantings. White flowers and berries.

DOGWOOD, Red Twig. 6.7 feet. Spreading habit, bright red bark, excellent for winter color.

SCARLET ELDERBERRY. 6-7 ft., white flowers, scarlet berries, thrives in shade.

ELDERBERRY, Golden Leaf. 6.7 ft. Bright golden yellow foliage throughout the summer. The large white flower heads appear in July, followed by black berries on which birds like to feed.

FORSYTHIA, Golden Bell. 5.6 feet. Beautiful early yellow flowering shrub. Excellent in masses.

HONEYSUCKLE, Morrow's. 5-6 feet. Semi-spreading, light foliage, red fruit, white flowers.

HONEYSUCKLE, Red Bush. 8-10 feet. The red flowers appear in May, followed by red berries ripening in mid-summer, and clinging to the bush for weeks. Attractive to birds.

HYDRANGEA, A. G. 3-4 feet. Snowhill Hydrangea, large showy blooms in July and August. Will do well in a shady location.

HYDRANGEA, P. G. 3-4 feet. The old-fashioned large flowered Hydrangea blooming in September; turns pink later. The blossom heads may be dried for winter bouquets.

LILAC, Chinese. 6-7 feet. Fine leaved, fine twigged variety. Does not sucker like common lilacs. Great masses of delicate purple blooms.

LILAC, French. 6-8 feet. The most gorgeous flowers of all large blooming shrubs. Do not sucker profusely like common lilac.

Alphonse Lavallee. Double flowers of a lovely blue shade.

Chas. Joly. Double dark purplish red flowers.

Ludwig Spaeth. Single. Long heads of very dark purple flowers.

Mme. Lemoine. Double, pure white, beautiful contrast with darker colors.



Hydrangea P. G.



**ANDREWS** 

#### Landscape Planning Service

Do You Need Help to Plan Your Home Planting?

If a detailed landscape planting plan is desired drawn to scale and designating the location of each shrub or tree, we offer our customers the aid of our landscape draftsman. A small charge of \$5.00 is made for a plan for ordinary sized grounds, larger grounds in proportion. Send complete measurements, location of buildings, drives, etc. This \$5.00 for landscape plan may be deducted if an order for nursery stock is placed with us amounting to stock is placed with us amounting to \$15.00 or over the same season. No detailed plans can be prepared after April 1st on account of time.



Hydrangea A. G.



Froebel's Spirea



Late Blooming Tamarix

MAYFLOWER BUSH. 10-12 feet. Covered with cream colored flowers appearing with leaves early in May; very fragrant. Birds relish the bright red berries.

MOCK ORANGE. 8-10 feet. Semi-spreading large shrub. The

profuse bloom is very fragrant.

MOCK ORANGE, Virginal. 6.7 feet. Double Mock Orange. Blooms from June throughout the season. Beautiful, double flowers of orange-blossom fragrance. Fine for the border or as single specimens. One of the newest shrubs; supply limited.

RUSSIAN OLIVE. 10-12 feet. A gray-green foliage plant.

Splendid in background screen plantings.

**ROSE TREE OF CHINA.** 6.7 feet. The earliest flowering hardy shrub of deep pink. Double blossoms appear in great profusion before the leaves, completely covering the branches with what appear like small pink roses. One or two should be in every planting.

SNOWBERRY. 3-4 feet. Produces great masses of white

berries in the fall.

SPIREA, Anthony Waterer. 18-24 in. Excellent for border

and low foundation planting. Blooms freely in July.

SPIREA, Snow Garland (Arguta). 4.5 feet. The habit of covering the branches with pure white flowers gives this shrub The habit of its popular name. The branches look like garlands of snow. The earliest blooming Spirea, dwarf shrub.

SPIREA, Van Houttei (Bridal Wreath). 5-6 feet. The most

popular shrub, useful in foundation and border plantings.

SPIREA, FROEBEL'S. Flowers bright, rosy red in flat clusters produced during July and August. Foliage purple red in early spring and again in late fall.

**TAMARIX.** 6.7 feet. A beautiful shrub with lacelike foliage. Bluish gray with large clusters of pink flowers. An excellent shrub that is becoming very popular.

WEIGELA, Eva Rathke. 4-5 ft. A beautiful pink-flowered shrub, good in borders. Flowers profusely.

#### WHERE TO PLANT

Along the foundation of the house, in the corners of the walk, along the borders of the lot, and enclose the "back lawn" to make an Outdoor Living Room. Plant in groups so they will appear natural.

The shrubs described are dependable in this climate. Many more less desirable could be included but this is appeared to the could be included.

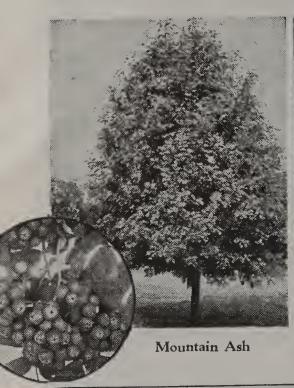
able could be included, but this is a selected list that will give you satisfaction. Plant freely as the prices are extremely low this year and you can get a splendid assortment for a small sum. Group Dwarf Shrubs 1 to 2 feet apart; medium sized shrubs 2 to 3 feet apart; and tall shrubs 3 to 4 feet apart.



Snow Garland Spirea

PRIORE OF CURING	Not Pro	epaid
PRICES OF SHRUBS	Medium	
Daubanna Tanana	Size	Size
Barberry, Japanese		\$0.60
Barberry, Red Leaf		1.00
Japanese Bush Cherry	45	.60
Caragana	45	.80
Cherry, Purple Leaf (Cistena)	45	1.20
Cotoneaster	45	1.00
Cranberry, Highbush	45	1.00
Dogwood, Golden Bark	45	.80
Dogwood, Red Twig	45	.80
Elderberry, Golden	45	.80
Elderberry, Scarlet	45	.80
Forsythia	45	.80
Honeysuckle, Morrowi	45	.80
Honeysuckle, Red Bush	45	.80
Hydrangea, Snowhill (A. G.)	45	1.00
Hydrangea, P. G.	45	1.00
Lilac, Chinese	60	1.60
Lilac, French	60	1.60
Mayflower Bush	45	1.00
Rose Tree of China		1.20
Russian Olive	45	.80
Spirea, Anthony Waterer	35	.80
Spirea, Billiardi	45	.60
Spirea, Snow Garland		.80
Spirea, Van Houttei	35	.60
Spirea, Froebeli	45	.80
Snowberry	45	.60
Mock Orange	45	.80
Mock Orange, Virginal	65	1.00
Tamarix		.80
Weigela	45	1.00

### ANDREWS Northern Shade & Ornamental Trees





Hopa Flowering Crab



American Elm

#### HARDY TREES

**Grown From Selected Seed** 



Chinese Elm

Standard Heavy

Each

Grade Grade

Each



Golden Weeping Willow

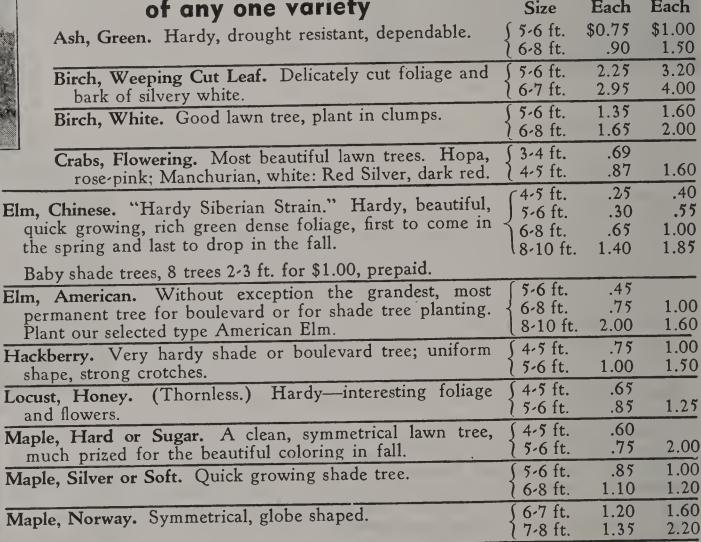
# 10% discount on 5 trees or more of any one variety bark of silvery white.

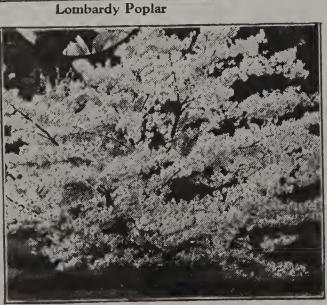
the spring and last to drop in the fall.

Baby shade trees, 8 trees 2-3 ft. for \$1.00, prepaid.

and flowers.

Maple, Norw



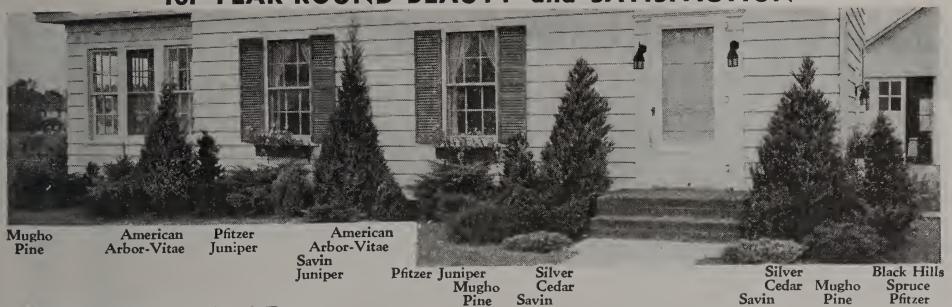


Dolgo Crab

way. Symmetrical, globe shaped.	6.7 ft. 7.8 ft.	1.20 1.35	1.60 2.20
Maple, Schwedler, or Red Leaf. The bright red foliage in early spring makes a very handsome lawn tree.	6.7 ft. 7.8 ft.	1.55 1.85	2.40 3.20
Mountain Ash. A beautiful medium size lawn tree with white flowers in spring and red berries in fall.	3.4 ft. 4.5 ft. 5.6 ft.	.75 .85 1.25	1.60
Poplar, Bolleana. A stately tree similar in shape to Lombardy. Light gray bark; leaves light gray above, white beneath.	\$ 5.6 ft. \$ 6.8 ft.	.75 1.25	1.40 2.00
Poplar, Lombardy. Rich dark green foliage. Ideal as background screen or singly to break skyline.	\ 5.6 ft. \ 6.8 ft.	.35	.80 1.20
Poplar, Norway. Clean, fast growing shade or boulevard tree for quick effects.	5-6 ft.	.60	1.20
Walnut, Black. Fine symmetrical nut tree, good in boulevard or on lawn.	\ 4.5 ft. \ 5.6 ft.	.60 .85	1.00 1.25
Willow, Niobe Weeping. Bright golden bark; fine graceful branches. A beautiful tree, ideal for background and screen planting.	3.4 ft. 4.5 ft. 5.6 ft.	.25 .35 .75	1.60

# ANDREWS EVERGREEN PLANTINGS

for YEAR-ROUND BEAUTY and SATISFACTION



### **EVERGREENS ARE**

#### A WISE INVESTMENT - NOT EXPENSE

Juniper

The prices below are for trees NOT balled and burlapped (except as marked BB), but all roots are mudded and packed for safe shipment. If specimen trees are desired with ball of earth, add 50c per tree extra when not quoted BB. Prices not prepaid.

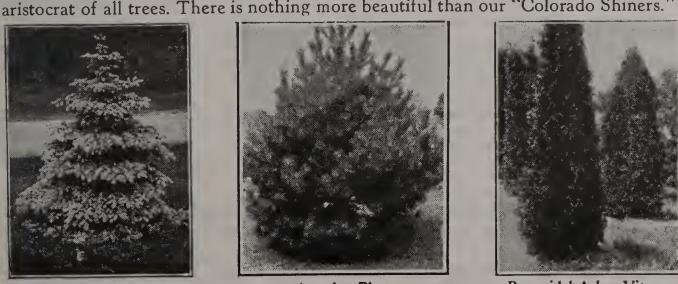
The varieties described below have been selected as being the most desirable and satisfactory. All are perfectly hardy—well developed, with good roots and good tops. Any money you put in evergreens is well spent. They are a permanent investment that grows in value and beauty as the years go by.	Specimen	Standard Grade	
AMERICAN ARBOR-VITAE. A hardy, rapid growing evergreen used for foundation, screen, or specimen planting.	2-3 ft. 3-4 ft.	\$1.15 1.75	\$ 3.20 3.60
PYRAMIDAL ARBOR-VITAE. Retains a columnar shape without shearing, which makes it popular for entrance plantings.	{ 2-3 ft. 3-4 ft.	2.45 3.45	3.80 4.80
ANDORRA JUNIPER. Dwarf silvery green for foundations.	12-15 in.	.65	3.20
<b>PFITZER JUNIPER.</b> A beautiful low growing evergreen for foundation plantings.	{ 12-15 in.	1.25	4.00
SAVIN JUNIPER. An artistic dwarf evergreen to add a finish to your garden or formal planting.	{ 12-15 in.	.75	3.20
SILVER CEDAR (Juniper Scop). The striking appearance makes it outstanding as an ornamental evergreen for either foundation or specimen planting.	12-15 in. 15-18 in. BB 2-3 ft. BB 3-4 ft.	1.25 1.45 4.25 4.95	7.20
AUSTRIAN PINE. Dark green tree of handsome form. Long needles and sturdy spreading branches. Ideal as a specimen tree on the lawn.	{ 24-30 in. 30-36 in.	1.50 2.25	3.20 3.60
DWARF MUGHO PINE. The hardiest dwarf evergreen. A low, compact type for the foundation or for corner plantings.	BB 15-18 in. BB 18-24 in.	3.35 3.95	3.50 4.50
BLACK HILLS SPRUCE. Absolutely hardy. The Black Hills Spruce has been a favorite with planters either as an ornamental tree or as a windbreak.	2-3 ft. BB 3-4 ft.	2.25 4.45	3.60 5.60
colorado Blue Spruce (Picea Pungens). A magnificent evergreen with lustrous foliage of varying tones, sometimes deep green, sometimes touched with silver and others have a decided blue tinge. These trees are all grown from seed of select blue Shiners. We do not guarantee them as to color, but many, especially in the smaller sizes, will develop into very fine specimens if given time and good care.	BB 2-3 ft. BB 3-4 ft.	3.15 4.35	5.60 8.00
COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE SHINERS (Picea pungens glauca). "Extra Blue" trees with heavy lustrous foliage of glorious silver and blue tones. The real	BB 2-3 ft.	4.45 6.45	8.80



Colorado Blue Spruce



Austrian Pine



Pyramidal Arbor-Vitae



Juniper

Black Hills Spruce

# ANDREWS Deciduous Shelter-belts

\$30 Cash per Farm Free!

Read About the Federal Bonus for Tree Planting—Page 22

Cut
Heating
Costs
By
Planting
A
WindBreak
This
Year

Chinese Elm Windbreak-3 years after planting

GOOD WINDBREAKS REALLY COST YOU NOTHING— SAVE FEED—SAVE FUEL—SAVE SHOVELING SNOW— SCREEN UNSIGHTLY VIEWS CHINESE ELM IS ESPECIALLY SURE AND QUICK ILLINOIS EXTENSION SERVICE, says: "Heating requirements in a house unprotected by trees are tripled when cold winds reach a velocity of 20 miles per hour!"

200

500

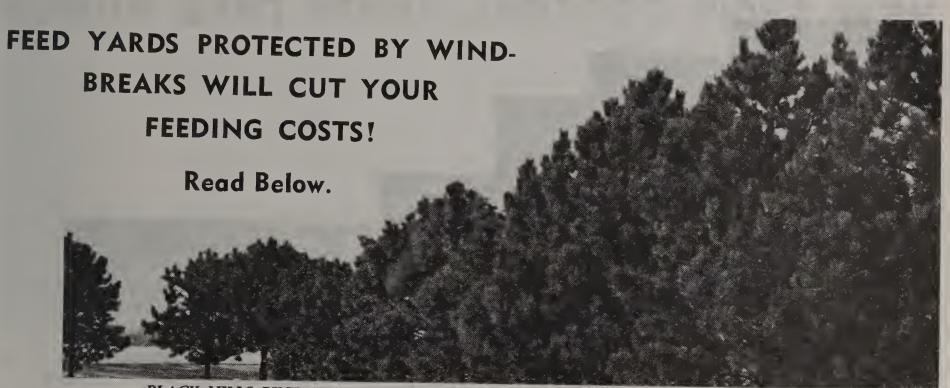
1000

50

100

Most dependable of all trees for the windbreak or wood lot.   12-18" prepaid   1.25   1.75   3.20   6.55   11.8						23	20	100	200	700	1000
Most dependable of all trees for the windbreak or wood lot.   12-18" prepaid   1.25   2.65   5.45   9.45   11.85   12.85   12.95   11.85   12.85   12.95   1	ASH		6-12"	prepaid				\$0.90	\$1.85	\$ 3.65	\$ 5.00
The collect section of Siberia. Recommended by the collect section of Agriculture for the outer row of lab.   Collect section of Agriculture for the outer row of lab.			12-18"					•	•	•	9.45
CARAGANA			18-24"				1.25	1.75	3.20	6.55	11.85
CARAGANA   North Dakota strain. Came originally from the coldest section of Siberia. Recommended by the Department of Agriculture for the outer row of Department of Agriculture for the outer row of U2-18" prepaid   1.20   2.25   3.85   6.95   12.00						1.00					14.85
North Dakota strain. Came originally from the Coldest section of Siberia. Recommended by the Department of Agriculture for the outer row of 12-18" prepaid 1.20 2.25 3.85 6.95 12.00 windbreak to form snowthap.  AMERICAN ELM Selected upland strain. Recommended by the Conservation Department for shelter-belts and wood-lots.  SOFT MAPLE Hardy, fast-growing especially on good soil.  CHINESE ELM Hardy Siberian strain. Grows rapidly even on poor soil. Low growing and dense branching habit makes our Siberian strain of Chinese Elm one of the very best windbreak trees to stop ground sweep of wind and drift ing snow.  ENSIAN OLIVE True Mennonite strain. Fast grower; stands extremes of heat and cold.  For Poplar, NORWAY Fast, symmetrical. Good for quick shade, shelter-belt and nuts valued for eating and cookery.  WILLOW, RUSSIAN GOLDEN Fast growing. Especially recommended for wet soils.  AMERICAN ELM 12-18" prepaid 1.25 2.25 3.85 5.85 12.45 23.3:  1.2-18" prepaid 90 1.85 3.65 5.0:  1.2-18" prepaid 99 1.85 3.65 5.0:  1.2-18" prepaid 90 1.85 3.65 5.0:  1.2-18" prepaid 1.15 1.75 3.20 6.55 11.8:  1.2-18" prepaid 90 1.85 3.65 5.0:  1.2-18" prepaid 90 1.85 3.65 5.0:  1.2-18" prepaid 1.15 1.75 3.20 6.55 11.8:  1.2-18" prepaid 1.15 1.75 3.20 6.55 11.8:  1.2-18" prepaid 1.15 1.75 3.20 6.55 5.45 9.4:  1.2-18" prepaid 1.20 1.95 3.45 6.35 10.0:  1.2-18" prepaid 1.20 1.95 3.45 6.35 10.0:  1.2-18" prepaid 1.20 1.95 3.45 6.35 12.35 21.0:  1.2-18" prepaid 1.20 1.95 3.45 6.35 12.35 21.0:											<del></del>
12-18	CARAGANA										
12-18"			6-12"	prepaid			.90	1.49	2.65	4.95	8.00
18-24" not ppd.   1.25   2.25   3.85   5.85   12.45   23.31			12-18"	prepaid			1.20	2.25	3.85	6.95	12.00
Selected upland strain. Recommended by the Conservation Department for shelter-belts and wood-lots   12-18" prepaid	windbreak to form snowtrap.	1 10w 01				1.25		3.85			23.35
Selected upland strain. Recommended by the Conservation Department for shelter-belts and wood-lots   12-18" prepaid	AMEDICAN ELM	)									
12-18" prepaid   1.65   2.35   4.95   9.45   17.65		the Cone	( 6 1 2 "					00	1 05	2 65	5 00
18-24" not ppd							05				
CHINESE ELM											
CHINESE ELM  Hardy Siberian strain. Grows rapidly even on poor soil. Low growing and dense branching habit makes our Siberian strain of Chinese Elm one of the very best windbreak trees to stop ground sweep of wind and drifting snow.  Standard 2-3' not ppd			(18-24"	not ppd.	• • •		1.65	2.35	4.95	9.45	17.65
12-18"   prepaid   1.55   2.65   5.45   9.45	Hardy, fast-growing especially on good so	oil.									
12-18"   prepaid   1.55   2.65   5.45   9.45	CHINIECE ELM		6-12"	prepaid				.90	1.85	3.65	5.00
rapidly even on poor soil. Low growing and dense branching habit makes our Siberian strain of Chinese Elm one of the very best windbreak trees to stop ground sweep of wind and drifting snow.    Heavy   18-24" not ppd 1.05   1.75   2.45   4.25   8.85   15.75			12-18"					1.55	2.65	5.45	9.45
Heavy   18-24"   not ppd.     .90   1.45   2.25   3.95   7.95   14.85		Standard	18-24"	not ppd.			1.15	1.75	3,20	6,55	11.85
habit makes our Siberian strain of Chinese Elm one of the very best windbreak trees to stop ground sweep of wind and drifting snow.    Standard   2-3'   not ppd 1.05   1.75   2.45   4.25   8.85   15.75   10.65   18.96			18-24"	not ppd.		.90					14.85
of Chinese Elm one of the very best windbreak trees to stop ground sweep of wind and drift ing snow.    Heavy   2- 3'   not ppd 1.15   1.95   3.35   5.35   10.65   18.96											
best windbreak trees to stop ground sweep of wind and drift ing snow.    Heavy   3-4'   not ppd 2.35   3.65   6.35   9.85   21.85   39.35											
ground sweep of wind and drift Heavy 3- 4' not ppd 2.35 3.65 6.35 9.85 21.85 39.35 ing snow.    Heavy 4- 5' not ppd 2.95 4.75 7.65											
Heavy   4-5'   not ppd.											
RUSSIAN OLIVE True Mennonite strain. Fast grower; stands extremes of heat and cold.  POPLAR, NORWAY Fast, symmetrical. Good for quick shade, shelter belts and wood lots.  PALNUT, BLACK; BUTTERNUT Grown from our native seed. Good in the shelter belt and nuts valued for eating and cookery.  Fast growing. Especially recommended for wet soils.  Pick of the propagation of the	-								9.03	21.05	39.33
True Mennonite strain. Fast grower; stands extremes of heat and cold.  POPLAR, NORWAY  Fast, symmetrical. Good for quick shade, shelter-belts and wood-lots.  Fast, symmetrical. Good for quick shade, shelter-belts and wood-lots.  WALNUT, BLACK; BUTTERNUT  Grown from our native seed.  Good in the shelter-belt and nuts valued for eating and cookery.  Fast growing. Especially recommended for wet soils.  True Mennonite strain. Fast grower; prepaid 1.45 2.45 4.35 8.35 14.00 1.95 3.45 6.35 12.35 21.00 1.95 3.45 6.35 12.35 21.00 1.95 3.45 6.35 12.35 25.00 1.95 3.45 6.35 13.75 25.00 1.95 3.45 6.85 13.75 25.00 1.95 3.45 6.85 13.75 25.00 1.95 3.45 6.85 13.75 25.00 1.95 3.95 7.85 16.00 30.00 1.95 3.95 7.85 16.00 30.00 1.95 3.95 7.95 15.00 1.95 3.95 7.95 7.95 15.0		Heavy			• • •	2.95					
True Mennonite strain. Fast grower; stands extremes of heat and cold.    12-18" prepaid   1.45   2.45   4.35   8.35   14.00	RUSSIAN OLIVE				• • •						10.00
POPLAR, NORWAY  Fast, symmetrical. Good for quick shade, shelter belts and wood lots.  PALNUT, BLACK; BUTTERNUT  Grown from our native seed.  Good in the shelter belt and nuts valued for eating and cookery.  WILLOW, RUSSIAN GOLDEN  Fast growing. Especially recommended for wet soils.  18-24" not ppd 1.20 1.95 3.45 5.45 11.00 20.00  1.95 3.45 6.35 12.35 21.00  1.95 3.45 6.35 12.35 21.00  1.00 1.95 3.45 5.45 11.00 20.00  1.00 1.35 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.00  1.00 1.45 2.25 3.95 7.95 15.00  1.00 1.45 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.00  1.00 1.45 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.00  1.00 1.45 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.00  1.00 1.45 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.00  1.00 1.45 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.00  1.00 1.45 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.00  1.00 1.45 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.00  1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00  1.00 1.00											14.00
Fast, symmetrical. Good for quick shade, shelter-belts and wood-lots.  WALNUT, BLACK; BUTTERNUT  Grown from our native seed.  Good in the shelter-belt and nuts valued for eating and cookery.  WILLOW, RUSSIAN GOLDEN  Fast growing. Especially recommended for wet soils.  3- 4' not ppd 1.35 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.06 16.00 30.00 1.45 2.25 3.95 7.95 15.00 12-18" prepaid 1.35 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.00 18-24" not ppd 1.65 2.95 4.65 8.85 18.65 35.00 18-24" not ppd 1.10 1.85 3.25 5.75 12.35 22.50 17.35 32.50 17.35 17.35 32.50 17.35 17.35 32.50 17.35 17.35 32.50 17.35 17.35 17.35 32.50 17.35 17.	stands extremes of heat and cold.		18-24"	not ppd.	• • •		1.95	3.45	6.35	12.35	21.00
Fast, symmetrical. Good for quick shade, shelter-belts and wood-lots.  WALNUT, BLACK; BUTTERNUT  Grown from our native seed.  Good in the shelter-belt and nuts valued for eating and cookery.  WILLOW, RUSSIAN GOLDEN  Fast growing. Especially recommended for wet soils.  3- 4' not ppd 1.35 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.06 16.00 30.00 1.45 2.25 3.95 7.95 15.00 12-18" prepaid 1.35 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.00 18-24" not ppd 1.65 2.95 4.65 8.85 18.65 35.00 18-24" not ppd 1.10 1.85 3.25 5.75 12.35 22.50 17.35 32.50 17.35 17.35 32.50 17.35 17.35 32.50 17.35 17.35 32.50 17.35 17.35 17.35 32.50 17.35 17.	POPLAR NORWAY		2- 3'	not ppd.		1.20	1.95	3.45	5.45	11.00	20.00
## Shade, shelter belts and wood lots.  ## ALNUT, BLACK; BUTTERNUT  Grown from our native seed.  Good in the shelter belt and nuts valued for eating and cookery.  ## Cookery.    Cookery	•										25.00
Grown from our native seed.  Good in the shelter-belt and nuts valued for eating and cookery.    12-18" prepaid 1.00   1.45   2.25   3.95   7.95   15.00	shade, shelter-belts and wood-lots.		4- 5'	not ppd.		1.65					30.00
Grown from our native seed.  Good in the shelter-belt and nuts valued for eating and cookery.    12-18" prepaid 1.00   1.45   2.25   3.95   7.95   15.00	WALNUT DI ACK. DUTT	DAILIT									
Grown from our native seed.  Good in the shelter-belt and nuts valued for eating and cookery.  12-18" prepaid 1.35 2.25 3.85 6.85 13.75 25.00 18-24" not ppd 1.65 2.95 4.65 8.85 18.65 35.00 18-24" not ppd 1.10 1.85 3.25 5.75 12.35 22.50 Fast growing. Especially recommended for wet soils. 3- 4' not ppd 1.45 2.35 4.35 8.45 17.35 32.50	•	KNUI	6-12"	prepaid		1.00	1.45	2.25	3.95	7.95	15.00
WILLOW, RUSSIAN GOLDEN       2- 3' not ppd 1.65       2.95       4.65       8.85       18.65       35.00         Fast growing. Especially recommended for wet soils.       3- 4' not ppd 1.45       2.35       4.35       8.45       17.35       32.50											25.00
WILLOW, RUSSIAN GOLDEN 2- 3' not ppd 1.10 1.85 3.25 5.75 12.35 22.50 Fast growing. Especially recommended for wet soils. 3- 4' not ppd 1.45 2.35 4.35 8.45 17.35 32.50						4.1.4					35.00
Fast growing. Especially recommended for wet soils. 3- 4' not ppd 1.45 2.35 4.35 8.45 17.35 32.50	valued for eating and cookery.			FF							
Fast growing. Especially recommended for wet soils. 3- 4' not ppd 1.45 2.35 4.35 8.45 17.35 32.50	WILLOW, RUSSIAN GOLD	DEN	2- 3'	not ppd.		1.10	1.85	3.25	5.75	12.35	22.50
rave Browning and France A											32.50

# ANDREWS Evergreen Shelter-belts



BLACK HILLS PINE (Bull Pine), are the hardiest, most drought-resistant of all evergreens

#### **Evergreens Cut Feed and Fuel Costs**

Evergreens should be included in every farm shelterbelt. It's one of the best investments you can make. They stop the cold and snow and make the farmstead a comfortable, attractive and pleasant place in which to live and work. They will save their cost every year.

#### Instructions for Planting

The soil in the space to be planted should be well prepared as you would for any farm crop. Plant trees as early in spring as possible. Potatoes or vegetables may be planted between the tree rows for two or three years. Cultivate trees as often as possible in the spring and summer but not after the first of August. The snow trap may be planted to corn, potatoes, or any farm crop.

Evergreens in sizes marked TR. (transplanted) may be set out directly into the windbreak row and cultivated as you would rows of corn. Evergreens in sizes marked S (seedlings) should be set in the garden where you can give them special attention the first two years, then reset them into the permanent windbreak.

#### Black Hills Pine (Bull Pine)

Outstanding in hardiness and drought resistance. This is the shelter belt tree that has best survived the past dry seasons in Minnesota and the Dakotas. Fast growing, with long needles, deep green on the surface and bluish white underneath.

#### **Austrian Pine**

Dark green tree of extremely handsome form, ideal for backgrounds, windbreaks, or as a specimen tree on the lawn. Long needles, great spreading

#### branches, a rapid grower.

#### Scotch Pine

Hardy, extremely rapid of growth, and tolerant of soil, they are ideal for windbreaks.

#### Black Hills Spruce

A very good, compact evergreen, quite drought resistant; next in value to Black Hills Pine and Blue Spruce for windbreaks.

#### Colorado Blue Spruce

A beautiful tree. Drought resistant and recommended especially for the inside row of the evergreen windbreak.

# Recommended Spacing and Arrangement

Four to eight rows of trees are recommended on the north and west—2 to 4 rows on south and east. The recommended spacing is to plant 2 rows of Caragana on the outside to form a snowbreak. Plant 4 feet apart in the row and 8 feet between rows.

Leave 60 feet for a snow trap then plant 4 rows of Green Ash—Chinese Elm, and American Elm, spaced 6 feet apart in the row and 8 feet between rows.

Inside, plant 2 rows of evergreens 8 to 10 feet apart in the row and 16 feet between rows. The inside row of evergreens should be 100 feet from the farm buildings. This space and the snow trap give ample space to drop the snow and leave the building and yards free from drifts.

For solid woodlot planting, set trees 8 to 9 feet apart each way. Ash, Elm, Norway Poplar, and Black Walnut are especially recommended for woodlot planting.

## STEERS PROTECTED BY WINDBREAK MADE \$243.00 MORE PROFIT!

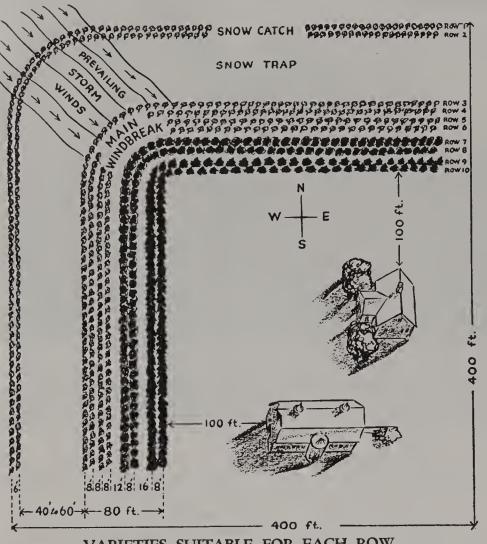
Comparative tests have proven that farm products can be produced at less cost in farmyards protected by windbreaks. In the case of beef—2 lots of 50 steers each, one lot fed in a protected yard, the other not protected by a windbreak. Those in the protected yard had the same kind and amount of feed as the others, but gained 2,250 pounds more. Sold at \$10.80 per hundred, this lot brought extra return of \$243.00.

### Prices of Evergreens for Shelter-Belts and Hedges S (Seedlings); TR (Transplanted).

(									
<b>5.</b> 4 5-14					10	50	100		
Black Hills Pine	4- 6	in.	S	prepaid		\$ 1.95	\$ 3.50		
(Bull Pine)	6- 9	in.	S	prepaid		2.55	4.85		
Black Hills Pine	9-12	in.	TR	not ppd.	1.75	6.85	11.00		
Austrian Pine				not ppd.	2.35	8.85	15.00		
Scotch Pine	18-24	in.	TR	not ppd.	3.35	12.45	22.35		
	24-30	in.	TR	not ppd.	4.95	17.65	32.50		
Black Hills Spruce	3- 6	in.	TR	prepaid	1.35	5.65	9.35		
	6- 9	in.	TR	prepaid	2.10	7.65	13.65		
Colorado Blue Spruce	3- 6					2.55	4.85		
	6-8	in.	TR	prepaid	1.45	5.85	9.85		
				not ppd.		7.20	12.75		
	10-12	in.	TR	not ppd.	2.45	8.95	15.65		

# The Story of the

### NEW \$3000 FEDERAL FARM TREE BONUS



VARIETIES SUITABLE FOR EACH ROW

Row 1 and 2 Chinese Elm - Caragana

Chinese Elm — Golden Willow

American Elm - Ash - Soft Maple - Norway Poplar

Rows 4, 5, 6 Rows 7, 8 Rows 8, 9

Black Hills Pine

Colorado Spruce

Under the new 1940 Triple A program, a Special Cash Payment of \$30.00 per farm may be earned by planting trees. This new provision was made to encourage the planting of more farm windbreaks and shelter belts. Minnesota Nursery men, The Farm Bureau, The Minnesota Agricultural College authorities, and other farm groups are sponsoring and supporting the program.

The requirements to earn this \$30.00 are quite simple, namely, that you be a co-operator in your county Agricultural Conservation Program and that you make your intentions known to your local committee that you wish to take advantage of this new provision to earn cash payments by planting trees. The rate of payment is \$7.50 per acre for planting 650 woodlot trees, or 300 windbreak trees. An additional \$3.00 per acre may be earned for cultivating and taking care of the trees.

A total of \$30.00 per farm per year may be earned for planting. This comes out of a Special Fund for that purpose only. The \$3.00 per acre for care and maintenance comes out of regular farm payments.

Trees are needed on farms of the Northwest. They conserve moisture, prevent wind erosion, keep farm homes cooler in summer and warmer in winter, serve as protection for cattle and livestock the year 'round, supply fuel wood, fence posts, and a lot of other farm necessities. Trees are an investment that pays dividends.

It is our hope and the hope of the government and of farm organizations that the time will come when every farm will have a substantial woodlot,

shelter-belt and windbreak. A program of this kind will help solve the farm problems. Get interested in tree planting. Let us help you get started on this opportunity of improving your farm for yourself and your family. Start this spring, since there is no assurance this special \$30.00 allotment will be continued indefinitely.

Make your reservation for trees today. To take full advantage of the payments, order 2600 woodlot trees or 1200 windbreak trees.

Varieties listed on pages 20 and 21 of this catalog are suitable for these plantings. Instructions and distances are also suggested on these pages. The arrangement above is recommended for windbreaks.

#### DOUBLE YOUR MONEY!

Take advantage of the Federal Bonus this year. Plant a windbreak around your buildings. Plant a woodlot on your rough or rolling or wet land.

#### WINDBREAK SPECIAL!

300 Windbreak Trees

**ONLY** 

100 Green Ash

100 American Elm

100 Chinese Elm J

Ppd.

Earns Federal Payments Up to \$10.50

}12-18 in.

#### EXTRA SPECIAL!

4 Windbreak Specials (1200 Trees)

ONLY 4 Woodlot Specials (2600 Trees)

Can Earn Up to \$42.00 Federal Payments

Ppd.

#### WOODLOT SPECIAL!

650 Woodlot Trees

ONLY

200 Green Ash 200 American Elm 12-18 in

250 Chinese Elm Earns Federal Payments Up to \$10.50

Ppd.

#### EXTRA SPECIAL!

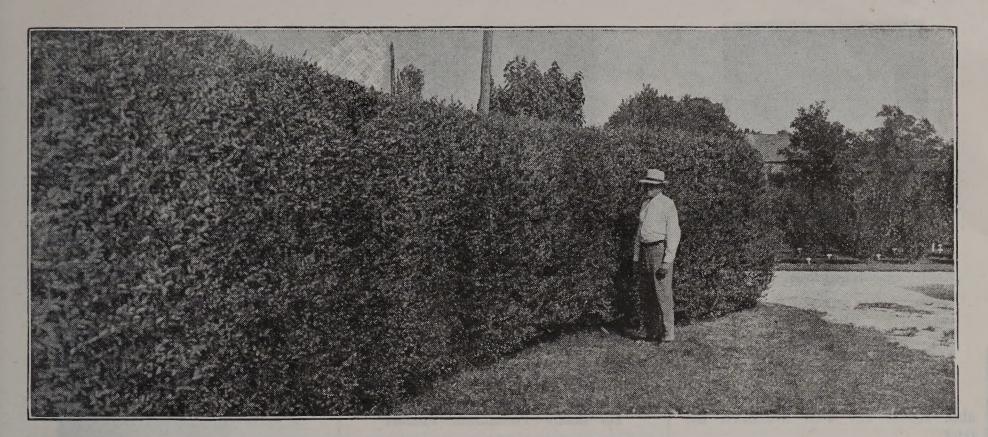
**ONLY** 

Can Earn Up to \$42.00 Federal Payments

Ppd.

#### ANDREWS WINDBREAK

ARE GROWN FROM SELECTED PROVEN SEED



Chinese Hedgewood Trimmed as a Tall Screen

# HEDGES for Screens and Boundaries

### Chinese Hedgewood (Dwarf Ulmus Pumila)

#### Remarkable New Hedge Plant Wins High Favor!

Answers the demand for a sturdy, dependable, moderate priced hedge. It's hardy, good looking and cheap.

May Be Trimmed High or Low. Forms a dense compact wall suitable for a tall screen to "plant out" unpleasant views and to secure privacy in the outdoor

living room, or it may be clipped to make a low formal hedge.

Popular as a Low Boundary Hedge between properties for appearance or for protection. Chinese Hedgewood is well adapted to such use. It stands close clipping and makes a clean dense hedge that can be kept at any height desired.

Extremely Hardy and Drought Resistant. Chinese Hedgewood has proven itself sturdy and dependable even under most trying conditions; withstands 40 degrees below zero of northern winters as well as sweltering temperatures in summer.

Beautiful Foliage. The small fine leaves are rich bright green, appear early in spring and remain in the fall long after most hedges have dropped their foliage.

Low Price. We grow the Chinese Hedgewood in large quantities and are able to sell at an extremely low price. You can now afford the pleasure and protection of hedging about your home. Plant six inches to one foot apart.

#### Caragana (arborescens)

This is a hardy tall growing shrub and will withstand more cold weather and dry soil conditions than most other hedge shrubs. It does especially well in the colder sections of the Northwest. In spring the gray-green color of the foliage is very effectively enlivened by the drooping clusters of bright yellow, pearshaped flowers. It can be clipped to form a hedge of moderate height or may be allowed to make a tall screen.

#### Pygmy Caragana

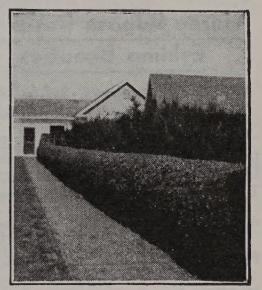
A new dwarf shrub ideal for a low hedge because it requires little pruning and naturally maintains a dwarf compact shape. If not sheared it attains a height of about 3 feet. The foliage is fine and dense. In spring the hundreds of small golden-yellow flowers add much to the interest. Extremely hardy, drought resistant and will grow well in sunny locations. Set plants 1 ft. apart.

Barberry, Japanese

Informal hedge to 3 feet high. See description on page 16.

Buckthorn

Hardy, dependable in the North. Good as a formal sheared hedge. Foliage dark green.



Chinese Hedgewood as a Low Clipped Hedge

#### Honeysuckle

Honeysuckle is most dependable and most satisfactory where a tall, flowering, quick growing screen is desired; 8-10 feet, very hardy, profuse bloomer.

#### Spirea Van Houttei

(Bridal Wreath)
Most popular flowering hedge. The graceful, drooping sprays are ideal for growing untrimmed.

#### Russian Olive

Foliage of beautiful silver-gray. Excellent for tall screen hedge. Extremely hardy and drought resistant.

Prices of Medging									
All pre	paid except as noted.	10	50	100					
Barberry, Japanese	12-18 in.	\$0.65	\$2.35	\$3.85					
Contain the Contain	18-24 in.	.85	2.95	5.65					
Buckthorn	12-18 in.	.60	2.25	3.75					
	18-24 in.	.95	4.35	7.85					
	2- 3 ft. not ppd.	1.35	5.35	8.85					
Caragana arborescens	12-18 in.	.45	1.65	2.95					
The second second	18-24 in.	.65	2.35	4.45					
	2- 3 ft. not ppd.	.85	2.95	4.65					
Caragana, Pygmy	12-15 in.	2.00	8.00	15.00					
, , , ,	15-18 in.	2.50	10.00	18.00					
Chinese Hedgewood	12-18 in.	.50	1.85	3.35					
	18-24 in.	.75	2.45	4.45					
	2- 3 ft. not ppd.	.85	3.35	5.35					
Honeysuckle	18-24 in.	2.00	8.00	15.00					
Russian Olive	12-18 in.	.75	2.45	4.65					
and the state of the state of	18-24 in.	.95	3.85	5.85					
	2- 3 ft. not ppd.	1.15	4.35	7.15					
Spirea Van Houttei	12-18 in.	1.15	3.95	7.35					
	18-24 in.	1.65	4.85	8.35					



Hansa Rose

#### ROSES

A selected list of the most desirable Roses for this northern district.

All 2-year, Field Grown. All Prepaid.

#### Hardy Rugosa Roses— Eskimo Beauties

Mailing size plants, 2 for 78c. Extra heavy plants, \$1.00 each.

This class of Roses is most dependable of all, thriving even in Dakota without winter protection. They bloom throughout the season.

AMELIE GRAVEREAUX. Carmine-red; excellent for cutting.

F. J. GROOTENDORST. Bright red, profuse blooms in clusters.

HANSA. Extra hardy crimson-red, double blooms.

SIR THOS. LIPTON. Best white.

#### Hybrid Tea, Hybrid Perpetual and Special Roses

Mailing size plants, 2 for 78c. Extra heavy plants, \$1.00 each.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. Rich scarlet.
FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. White.
GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. Deep red.
TALISMAN. Brilliant reddish gold.
RED RADIANCE. Bright red.
PINK RADIANCE. Soft pink.
HARRISON'S YELLOW.

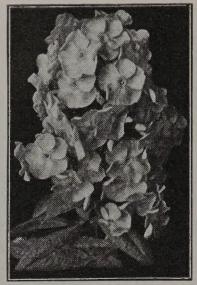
#### Climbing Roses

Mailing size plants, 2 for 68c. Extra heavy plants, \$1.00 each.

DOROTHY PERKINS. Best pink. EXCELSA. Crimson, profuse bloomer. GARDENIA. Best yellow.

PAUL'S SCARLET. Brilliant scarlet.

FLOWER OF FAIRFIELD. Rich red, double blooms.



Phlox

#### **PERENNIALS**

For Beauty—Permanence—Pleasure

PRICES OF ALL PERENNIALS, EXCEPT AS NOTED:

All Prepaid—3 for 75c; 6 for \$1.35; 12 for \$2.50.

Our plants are all field grown and freshly dug. You can succeed with flowers if you choose from this list.

BABY'S BREATH. White.

BALLOON FLOWER. Colors, blue and white.

BAPTISIA. Indigo-blue.

BLEEDING HEART, Spectabilis. 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

COLUMBINES. Mixed colors.

CORALBELLS. Coral-colored bells; fine for bouquets.

DAISY, SHASTA. White.

DAISY, PAINTED. Mixed colors.

FUNKIA (Lavender Lily).

HOLLYHOCKS. Choice, in mixed colors.

IRIS.

Mrs. Horace Darwin. White; very fragrant.

Mme. Chereau. White with lavender edge. Perfection. Lavender and purple. Prosper Laugier. Fiery bronze. Sherwin-Wright. Best yellow.

Zanardelle. True blue.

Pumila. Dwarf violet.

LARKSPUR.

Belladonna. Light sky blue.

Bellamosa. Dark blue.

Wrexham Hybrids. Extremely beautiful; mixed colors.

LILIES.

Coral Lily. Bright scarlet.

Elegans. Red and orange tints.

Regal. White, resembling Easter Lily.

Tiger. Double, bright orange flowers.

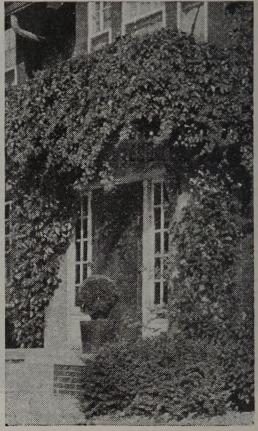
PEONIES.

Formosa. Large soft pink blooms. \$1.00 each.

Karl Rosenfield. Dark red; very large. \$1.00 each.

Mme. de Verneville. Large white; fragrant. \$1.00 each.

Assorted Colors. Red, pink and white. 50c each; 5 for \$2.00.



Engelmann Ivy

### Climbing Vines

All Prepaid

Add charm and beauty to your plantings with these attractive vines.

BITTERSWEET. Hardy native vine of rapid growth. Orange colored berries remain on all winter. Prized for winter decoration indoors. Mailing size, 35c; select grade, 75c each.

CLEMATIS, JACKMANI. Large purple blooms, 4 to 6 inches across. Begins to bloom in July. Mailing size, 75c; select grade, \$1.25 each.

CLEMATIS, PANICULATA. Gives a profusion of creamy white fragrant blooms in September. Mailing size, 45c; select grade, \$1.00 each.

ENGELMANN IVY. Excellent for covering stone or brick walls to which it clings without support. Costs less than stucco to cover a concrete wall and looks better. Hardy. Mailing size, 30c; select grade, 75c each.

GOLDFLAME. A delightful new vine. From June to October covered with hundreds of fragrant flowers, flame colored outside, and golden yellow inside. For the porch, arbor, trellis, fence and ground cover. Hardy. Easy to grow. 2-year, 73c each; 2 for \$1.13.

SCARLET TRUMPET HONEYSUCKLE. This popular vine is an old favorite. The clusters of trumpet-shaped bright red flowers give a wealth of bloom. Mailing size, 45c; select grade, 75c each.

MATRIMONY VINE. Bushy, rapid growing vine. Especially desirable for covering unsightly banks. Purplish flowers followed by crimson berries. Mailing size, 25c; select grade, 75c each.

#### PERENNIALS

Continued

PHLOX.

B. Comte. Brilliant French purple.
Dr. Chas. H. Mayo. White; crimson eye.
Mrs. Jenkins. Pure white.
R. P. Struthers. Rosy carmine; claret eye.
Rheinlander. Salmon pink.

Rheinlander. Salmon pink.
Rijnstroom. Rosy pink; large heads.
Thor. Deep salmon pink; red eye.

Widar. Blue-violet with white center.

SEDUM. Stonecrop. Excellent for rock gardens or dry slopes. 20c each; 6 for

VIOLA. Tufted, perennial Pansy; improved Scotch.

YUCCA. Evergreen foliage; stalks 3 ft. high bearing bell-shaped flowers.

# ANDREWS NURSERY SERVICE 68 YEARS

For three generations, over a period of 68 years, the Andrews have been at work to propagate and make available to planters the very best stocks obtainable at all times. Not only the best in varieties but the best in health and condition, together with helpful information and advice about their care.

We have an especially fine lot of fruit trees and windbreak material ready for planting this season. Growing in volume enables us to sell high quality trees and plants

at low cost to you

Your orders will be appreciated and will have most careful handling. If convenient for you to ome to the nursery for your stock, we will be glad to have you do so, but orders sent in by mail will receive just as careful attention.

Even though you may plan to come to the nursery for your stock, you can take advantage of the "early order" premiums by sending in your order now. By making the notation on the order that you will call for the stock at the nursery, we will reserve it now and keep it here till you come.

We especially invite you to take advantage of the "early order premiums." It's an advantage to us to receive your order early and it provides extra value for you.

Very sincerely yours,

ANDREWS NURSERY CO.

# ANDREWS FREE GIFTS for EARLY Orders

Early orders are an advantage to us because we can make reservations and plan accordingly. This saving we are glad to pass on to you in the form of FREE GIFTS. To receive the Free Gifts, orders must reach us before April 15.

On Orders of \$3.00 to \$5.00 (Not Including Specials)
You may select Free, any 1 of the premiums listed below.

On Orders of \$5.00 to \$10.00 (Not Including Specials)
You may select Free any 2 of the premiums listed below.

On Orders of \$10.00 and over (Not Including Specials)
You may select Free any 3 of the premiums listed
below.

#### Read This Letter

St. Paul, Minn. Sept. 16, 1939.

Andrews Nursery Co. Faribault, Minn.

Gentlemen:

Field inspection of your nursery has been completed for the season and the reports indicate your stock is in good healthy condition.

in good healthy condition.

We are especially pleased with the appearance of your strawberries, raspberries and fruit trees. The public can safely plant such stock as yours.

Very truly yours, (Signed) T. L. Aamodt, Assistant State Entomologist.



T. L. AAMODT, Assistant State Entomologist of Minnesota

# Order Early FREE Premiums

- 3 Fredonia Grape Vines.
- 10 Gladiolus Bulbs. Rainbow mixture.
  - 3 Black Walnut. 18-24 in.
  - 3 Butternut. 18-24 in.
- 1 Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckle.
- 1 Bittersweet Vine.
- 1 Pink Climbing Rose.
- 1 Hansa Red Rose.
- 1 Sapa Cherry. 18-24 in.
- 1 Hansen's Bush Cherry.

Order Early and Choose Your Premium

### ANDREWS GUARANTEE

We guarantee that all our nursery stock will reach the purchaser alive and in growing condition, and will replace, free of charge, any that does not, upon receiving your express or freight receipt with statement from the agent showing loss or damage.

Any tree or plant that dies the first growing season, we will replace at a cost of one-half the regular catalog price, customer to make report and have his order for replacement in our hands before October 10th, following date of purchase.

We guarantee to all our customers stock that is true-to-name and absolutely as represented. Any of our stock proven not to be, will be replaced free of charge or the purchase price refunded. It is mutually agreed by the purchaser and ourselves that we are not to be held liable for any damage other than herein named.

